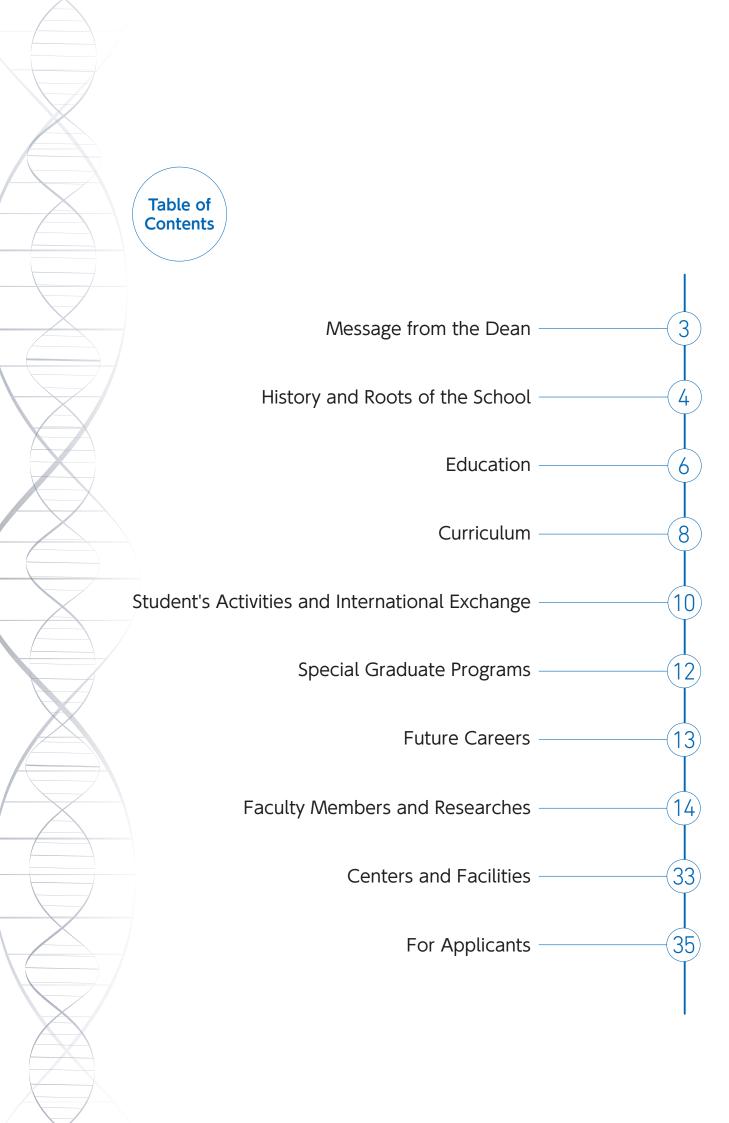
# Invitation to Life Science and Technology



Institute of Science Tokyo School of Life Science and Technology



# Message from the Dean

Professor KUME, Shoen, Dean



The School of Bioscience and Biotechnology was established at Tokyo Institute of Technology in 1990. In 2016, the School of Bioscience and Biotechnology and the Graduate School of Bioscience and Biotechnology merged to form a new School of Life Science and Technology. In 2024, Institute of Science Tokyo was established through the integration of Tokyo Institute of Technology and Tokyo Medical and Dental University. At this new stage, the university will continue to promote the fusion of its traditions with cutting-edge science, technology, and medical research, aiming for the further advancement of life science and technology.

In addition to over 100 affiliated faculty members, the School of Life Science and Technology also includes faculty from the Laboratory for Chemistry and Life Science at the Institute of Integrated Research (IIR), the Cell Biology Center, and the Earth-Life Science Institute (ELSI) at the Institute of Future Science, bringing the total faculty count to more than 120 across approximately 70 fields of study. In terms of research, we have established Open Research Facilities for Life Science and Technology to provide access to cutting-edge equipment, through which we have strengthened cooperation with other universities, research institutions, and companies at home and abroad. In recent years, the challenges we face have become increasingly complex, including issues such as rising threats of infectious diseases, declining birth rates, aging populations, and advances in regenerative medicine and biotechnology. We are actively developing new fields and interdisciplinary research to address these issues.

In terms of education, the undergraduate programs provide students with a thorough grounding in the fundamentals of life sciences and technology while providing ample opportunities to engage with the latest research. In addition, at the graduate level, we offer a variety of learning opportunities, including Graduate Majors in Life Science and Technology, Science and Technology for Health Care and Medicine, and Earth-Life Science, creating an environment that enables multidisciplinary education and research. We also offer entrepreneurship training to support the development of new ventures. Furthermore, our School actively promotes international exchanges with the goal of contributing to the development of internationally-minded researchers.

We envision our institute as a place where future leaders can learn, think freely, and engage in research with a spirit of curiosity. We aim to cultivate young researchers who can contribute to human health, the preservation of the global environment, and the betterment of society through advanced understanding and application of life sciences and technology. Together, we will take a significant step forward as the Institute of Science Tokyo to achieve world-class research and education.

I sincerely look forward to working with all of you to shape the future of life sciences and technology.



# Blending Life Science and Technology to Create Infinite Possibilities

Can you imagine how our society will change in the coming years?

We can foresee the future as life science and technology progress together.

Extensive research is being conducted at the School of Life Science and Technology, from exploring the principles of life to technological applications.

Collective knowledge and skills in life science and technology offer infinite possibilities for our future society.

# History of the School

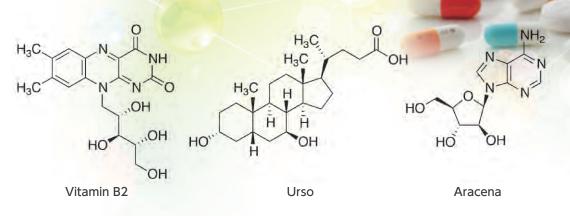
1929	Foundation of the Tokyo Institute of Technology						
June 1990	Foundation of the School of Bioscience and Biotechnology						
April 1992	Foundation of the Graduate School of Bioscience and Biotechnology						
Autumn 1993	Establishment of the Gene Research Center						
March 1997	Establishment of the Research Center for Experimental Biology						
1999	Reorganization of the Graduate School						
	Three new departments were opened in the graduate school: Department of Life Science,						
	Department of Biological Information, and Department of Biomolecular Engineering. The						
	undergraduate school was restructured into two departments: Department of Bioscience						
	and Department of Biotechnology.						
2000	The Department of Bioscience and the Department of Biotechnology in the graduate						
	school were reorganized and renamed as the Department of Biological Sciences and the						
	Department of Bioengineering, respectively.						
2001	Construction of the Radioisotope Research Center						
2003	Three research centers were merged to create the Center for Biological Resources and						
	Informatics.						
2016	Reorganization of the undergraduate and graduate schools as the School of Life Science						
	and Technology						
2024	Institute of Science Tokyo was established following the merger of Tokyo Institute of						
	Technology and Tokyo Medical and Dental University.						

## **Roots of the School**



Science Tokyo successfully created vitamin B2 by hand for the first time, thereby making industrial production possible. In addition, a drug for improving liver function, Urso, and an antiviral drug, Arasena, were also synthesized at Science Tokyo.

Furthermore, a group of Science Tokyo researchers discovered alkaline enzymes, which led to the development of enzyme-containing detergents. Based on this pioneering research, Science Tokyo established the School of Bioscience and Biotechnology, which was Japan's first interdisciplinary school of life science and technology.



# The School of Life Science and Technology is advancing world-class research, developing various fields related to the life sciences, and delivering excellent results.

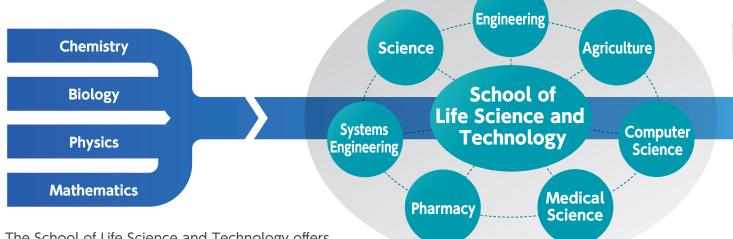


## A Message from OHSUMI, Yoshinori Honorary Professor and 2016 Nobel Laureate in Physiology or Medicine

Science is a human activity that is built on a body of knowledge obtained over many generations. Therefore, it is impossible to separate the activities of scientists from the times in which they live. One example of this is when I became interested in the biological phenomenon called autophagy and began researching it using yeast. Although our understanding of the structure and laws of the natural world continues to accelerate rapidly, many mysteries remain beyond our reach. Even when you think you have it figured out, it's actually just the beginning of the next step. I believe it is more important than ever for the future of humanity to have a broad perspective, to think long-term, and to be able to make scientific judgement in diverse areas without being preoccupied with the achievements brought about by science and technology. My message for today's youth is to always be mindful of the future. If there seems to be some great authority in front of you, it merely indicates academic stagnation. The spirit of young people to surpass their predecessors is a driving force for progress. Do not be afraid to be different, and have the courage to embrace and develop your curiosity and interests without fear of the relentless volume of information that characterizes the modern age. Make sure you live a life that is truly satisfying, and find your own way with passion and resilience.

# Fostering Global Leaders

Interdisciplinary Interactions Encompassing Science, Engineering, Pharmacology, Agriculture, Medical Science, Computer Science, and Systems Engineering



The School of Life Science and Technology offers a fulfilling curriculum that encourages students to become leaders in a variety of fields. The curriculum enables students to systematically acquire the foundational knowledge and expertise in life science and technology. Furthermore, students can obtain an advanced education in a cutting-edge research environment. Our variety of international programs and internships is also emphasized.

## Undergraduate study

#### The largest education and research organization for life science and technology in Japan

The School of Life Science and Technology is one of the largest undergraduate life science programs in Japan. Students can study the life sciences from polyphenic perspectives, including science, engineering, pharmacology, medicine, and agriculture.

#### Creative experiences from the first year

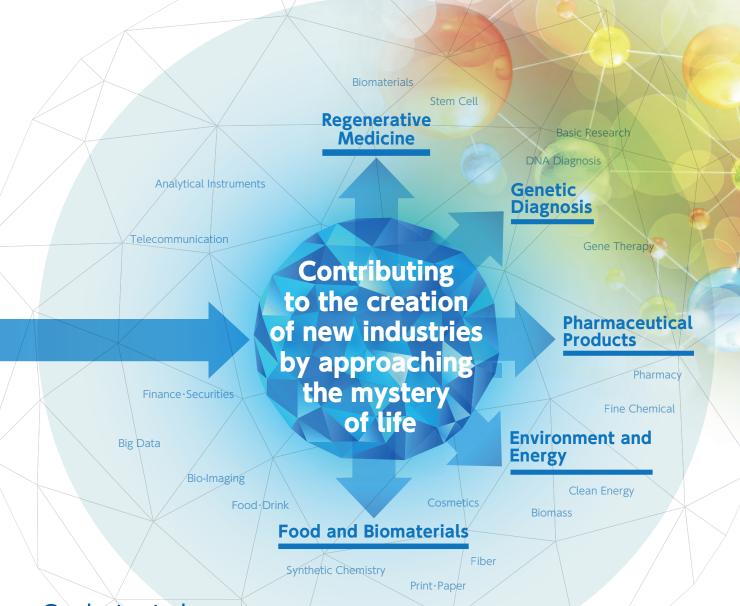
In their first year, students take part in a challenging active learning program in which they create educational materials related to the life sciences. Critical thinking and problem-solving skills are developed through collaborative work.

#### Study abroad and internship opportunities

A set of well-established international exchange programs and short-term study programs are available, and undergraduate students are encouraged to use these programs to study overseas. Internships at companies are also encouraged, and credit is given for these activities.

#### Early enrollment in graduate-level classes

Because most students continue their studies at the graduate level, the School allows students to take graduate-level classes while they are undergraduates. Talented eligible students can also graduate early.



## Graduate study

#### Cutting-edge research extends to chemistry, physics, materials science, and computer science

A wide range of cutting-edge research is led by approximately 80 professors and associate professors. The research fields are not limited to biology but also extend to other fields related to chemistry, physics, materials science, and computer science.

#### Research in an international environment

We welcome many outstanding researchers from abroad to visit and participate in research initiatives and seminars. Many of our laboratories have international students. There is an international atmosphere across the campus. Students are encouraged to attend conferences and internships abroad using the school's study abroad programs. Credit is also given for these activities.

#### Broad and diverse studies lead to employment in a variety of fields

Studies at the School of Life Science and Technology are related not only to scientific fields such as biology, chemistry, and physics but also engineering fields such as applied chemistry, materials, mechanical engineering, and computer science. Our alumni work in a variety of companies in different fields.

# Pursuing New Forms of

Our new curriculum allows smooth transitions between degree programs. At the undergraduate level, students acquire basic knowledge in life science and technology by their third year and prepare themselves to participate in cutting-edge research by conducting the Independent Research Project (graduation research) in their final year.



## **Bachelor's Degree Program**

#### 1st Year

Fundamental Life Science Basic Chemical Thermodynamics Basic Quantum Chemistry Basic Organic Chemistry Basic Inorganic Chemistry Linear Algebra /Recitation Calculus /Recitation Fundamentals of Mechanics Fundamentals of Electromagnetism Fundamental Life Science Laboratory Introduction to Bio-Frontier Research Processes for Creation in Science and Technology

School of Life Science and Technology Literacy

International Bio-Creative Design

Physical Chemistry Organic Chemistry Biochemistry Molecular Biology Basic bioinorganic chemistry Molecular Genetics **Biochemical Engineering** Bioinformatics **Biostatistics** Instrumental Analysis in Bioscience Developmental Biology Fundamentals of Innovation Creation Basic Laboratory and Exercise

2nd Year

**Biophysical Chemistry** Structural Biology Bioinformatics2 Bioinformatics3 **Bioorganic Chemistry Biomaterials Science Polymer Science** Advanced biological inorganic chemistry Pharmaceutical Chemistry Plant Physiology Photosynthesis and photobiology Animal Physiology Evolutionary Biology **Biological Science** 

#### Microbiology Cell Engineering Environmental Bioengineering Genetic Engineering **Basic Neuroscience Enzyme Engineering** Synthetic Biology Cell Biology Bioethics and Law Practices of Innovation Creation Scientific discussions in English LST Seminar Graduation Thesis Internship

3rd ~ 4th Year

Internship Overseas Training List of lectures (partial list)

# Learning

#### Academic quarter system

Our curriculum uses a quarter system in which each year is divided into quarters. The system allows flexible course planning and makes it easier for students to study abroad and complete internships.



★ Progress is measured by the student's level of achievement. Those who have attained a sufficiently high level may take more-advanced courses.

## Master's Degree Program

### Learn by engaging in cutting-edge research

By joining a laboratory and conducting cutting-edge research, students gain a deeper understanding of their field and develop scientific skills.



## **Doctoral Degree Program**

#### Make an impact in the future of the life sciences

Advanced doctoral research provides opportunities for students to take an active part in the fields of life science and technology both inside and outside of Japan.



For additional details of the support options available to students at Science Tokyo (tuition fee exemptions, scholarships, dormitory options, employment opportunities, etc.), please visit our website at https://www.titech.ac.jp/english/prospective-students

# Student Work and Activities

The fast-growing fields of life science and biotechnology seek internationally active individuals who are able to open up a new era. By creating an independent study environment, the School of Life Science and Technology supports a variety of activities in which students take initiative and proactively communicate with other students and researchers around the world.

Learn by yourself, think actively, and materialize the idea with originality and ingenuity





Students at School of Life Science and Technology are trained to materialize the idea with originality and ingenuity from the first year of the bachelor's degree program in courses such as Processes for Creation in Science and Technology, International Bio-Creative Design, and Advanced Bio-Creative Design. There are also opportunities to participate in presentation contests and give a speech on their achievements.

#### Science Tokyo Team wins another gold medal at iGEM



Approximately 200 teams of students from around the world participate in International Genetically Engineered Machine (iGEM), an international competition in synthesis biology. Science Tokyo Team, which mainly consisted of students from the School of Life Science and Technology, is famous for its record by winning the 11th consecutive gold medal.

# Looking to the future of life science with world-famous researchers



With the hope of becoming world-class investigators, undergraduate and graduate students as well as young researchers can enrich their perspectives through participation in Bioscience and Biotechnology International Symposia and Top Leaders Forums where they can meet superb academics from home and abroad.

Join workshops and training seminars abroad







Science Tokyo offers students the opportunity to attend overseas workshops and training seminars in order to foster global leadership.

# Exposure to cross-cultural environments while studying abroad

International internships are among the many ways in which students have the opportunity to visit universities and research institutes abroad. These programs aim to develop human resources in the field of life science and individuals capable of playing an active role in the world.





Massachusetts Institute of Technology



Heinrich-Heine-Universität Düsseldorf

University of Connecticut Health Center

#### Study abroad experiences <

#### **KAWAURA**, Hinata

The three months I spent at the Gilestro Laboratory at Imperial College London was a hugely valuable experience. In the long-established academic culture of the UK, I observed that anything essential to the pursuit of academic excellence was respected above everything else. This meant that, unlike in Japan where students seldom counter the opinions of faculty members, students in the UK did not hesitate to engage in a battle of logic with their instructors. I found this setting extremely powerful, as it enables discussions among groups of individuals to come up with answers that would otherwise not be possible. I learnt a lot from my internship and intend to build on this experience as I continue to pursue my research.

#### IMADA, Takashi

I worked as an intern for five months at the Pamela Silver Laboratory at Harvard Medical School. During my stay, not only was I able to acquire new skills in imaging and analysis, but I was able to meet a diverse community of researchers and observe the different ways in which Japanese and American universities and laboratories are organized. This experience has impacted the way I view research as well. The pursuit of science should not be about following trends set by others. It should be about taking on unique and edgy research that explores new fields.

# Students talk about their life in the lab

#### Mutawakil Al Muqadasi doctoral student

I am an Indonesian student at the School of Life Science and Technology. As a foreign student in Japan, the language barrier has been a great challenge. Even so, my fellow students here are very helpful thus making me enjoy every process of my research. Moreover, it is a blessing to have supervisors who are always there for me to give valuable insights and mental support, hence making my life as a student easier.

Overall, it is an excellent opportunity to study at Science Tokyo. I hope I can implement my knowledge and experience that I earn to help society in the future.



#### TAKEDA, Yota master's student

I am exploring the developmental mechanisms of the vertebrate limbs. At first, I did not to know what to expect, but thanks to the kindness of my colleagues in the laboratory, I am enjoying my research every day. I would like to make use of my experiences at Science Tokyo, and be a person who is active in a variety of situations.



#### OKUI, Mio master's student

I have discovered an analogue of the antibiotic found in my laboratory and have been conducting research on it. As I have longed to be a researcher, this university is an ideal place for me because it offers comprehensive supports for research activities, such as the B2D scheme, which allows students to join laboratory one year early and receive consistent support through to the doctoral program. I am enjoying my research here, blessed with kind and supportive professors and lab mates.



# International Graduate Program (IGP)

https://www.titech.ac.jp/english/admissions/prospective-students/graduate-programs/igp

### International Graduate Program for Bioscience and Biotechnology

Since 2007, the School of Life Science and Technology (the former Graduate School of Bioscience and Biotechnology) has administered an international graduate course for foreign students from all over the world, especially excellent students from Asian countries.

In 2013, to further advance this graduate course, we launched new international education programs that include master's, doctoral, and integrated master's and doctoral education curricula designed to help students cultivate their creativity, learn practical working skills, and improve their English- and Japanese-language skills. In these International Graduate Programs, we foster international leaders who are able to develop leading-edge research and innovations in science and technology as a bridge between Japan and other countries.

Currently, our school has three Graduate Majors, Life Science and Technology, Science and Technology for Health Care and Medicine (Starting April 2025) and Earth-Life Science. A student selects one of these majors after discussion with his or her supervisor.



# Science Tokyo - Tsinghua University Joint Graduate Program

Science Tokyo and Tsinghua University (China) jointly operate a double degree program for students at the master's levels. In addition to cultivating students' specialized scientific knowledge and research experience, the program strategically develops students with linguistic proficiency in Japanese, Chinese and English, and familiarity with the culture and customs of both Japan and China. Of the program's three courses -Bioscience and Biotechnology, Nanotechnology, and Decision Science & Technology — the "bio course" has historically played a central role. Managed jointly by each country's leading university in science and technology fields, the program is a model for international academic collaboration at the highest level of education and research. Industry-academia collaborative research symposia are held once a year in Tokyo or Beijing to foster development of human resources who can respond to a wide range of interdisciplinary issues and promote industrial development and cultural exchange based on international cooperation between Japan and China. Professors, students, and business people participate in these symposia, thereby deepening bilateral exchanges. The program is recognized for nurturing talented individuals with the ability to contribute to the international community.

http://www.ipo.titech.ac.jp/tsinghua/index\_en.html

Members of the 15<sup>th</sup> cohort from Tsinghua University Members of the 20<sup>th</sup> cohort from Science Tokyo

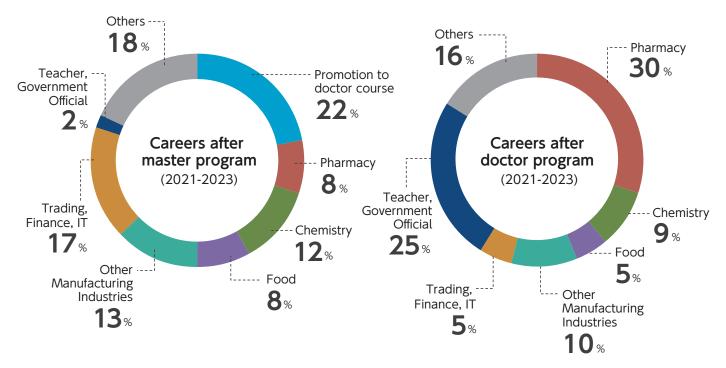


20th anniversary ceremony on August 22, 2024

### **Future Careers**

# Working Globally

90% of the undergraduate students will proceed to the graduate school of Science Tokyo.



### Places of employment

#### Pharmacy

Astellas Pharma, AstraZeneca, Chugai Pharmaceutical, Kyowa Kirin, Eisai, Mochida Pharmaceutical, Takeda Pharmaceutical, Daiichi Sankyo Propharma, etc.

#### Chemistry =

Asahi Kasei, Fujifilm, JSR, Kao, Lion, Mitsubishi Chemical, Mitsui Chemicals, P&G, Sumitomo Chemical, Teijin, Toray Industries, AGC, Dow Chemical, DIC, Du Pont Japan, TOSOH, etc.

#### Food

Asahi Breweries, Kewpie, Ajinomoto, Lotte, Morinaga Milk Industry, Mizkan, Kikkoman, Suntory Holdings, Nisshin Seifun, S&B Foods, J-OIL MILLS, etc.

#### Other Manufacturing Industries

Dai Nippon Printing, Fujitsu, Hitachi, Kioxa, Micron Memory Japan, Nippon Paper, Terumo, Toppan Printing, Olympus, Sony, Toshiba, Keyence, Panasonic, etc.

#### Trading, Finance, IT -

Itochu, Mizuho Bank, Microsoft Co, MUFG Bank, NS Solutions, NTT DOCOMO, NTT Date, Softbank, Sumitomo Mitsui Banking, Rakuten, KDDI, etc.

#### Teacher, Government Official =

Science Tokyo., Kyushu Univ., UC Berkeley, Zhejiang Univ., Acquisition, Technology & Logistics Agency, Tokyo Regional Taxation Bureau, MEXT, AIST, National Center of Neurology and Psychiatry, etc.

#### Others -

Accenture, The Japan Research Institute, Tokyo Gas, The Japan Research Institute, Odakyu Electric Railway, IBM Japan, Kadokawa, Mitsui Fudosan, Mitsubishi Estate, NHK, etc.

# Faculty Members List (Alphabetical order)

#### (Life Science and Technology)

NAME	FIELD	Facility Name	PAGE	NAME	FIELD	Facility Name	PAGE	NAME	FIELD	Facility Name
Professor				WACHI, Masaaki	С	🔇 J2 Bldg.	21	Professor		
FUKUI, Toshiaki	С	ら B1 Bldg.	19	YAMAGUCHI, Yuki	С	\delta B1 Bldg.	21	FUJIE, Toshinori	Μ	🕒 B2 Bldg.
HAYASHI, Nobuhiro	Μ	🚺 Midorigaoka Bldg.6	i 15	YUASA, Hideya	Μ	\delta J2 Bldg.	17	KAJIWARA, Susumu	С	🕒 J3 Bldg.
HIROTA, Junji	Т	SB-C	24	Associate Professor				KOSHIKAWA, Naohiko	т	S B1 Bldg.
HONGOH, Yuichi	Т	• West Bldg.3	24	AIZAWA, Yasunori	С	🕒 B1 Bldg.	21	KURODA, Kumi	Т	S B1 Bldg.
ICHINOSE, Hiroshi	т	ら B2 Bldg.	24	ASAKURA, Noriyuki	Μ	🚺 Midorigaoka Bldg.	6 17	NAKAMURA, Hiroyuk	i M	S R1 Bldg.
IGARASHI, Ryuji	С	🐼 Midorigaoka Bldg.6	5 19	FUJITA, Naonobu	С	\delta S2 Bldg.	21	NISHIYAMA, Nobuhir	οM	S R1 Bldg.
ISHII, Yoshitaka	Μ	S J3 Bldg.	15	FUKUSHIMA, Toshiaki	i C	S2 Bldg.	22	SANEYOSHI, Takeo	т	🕒 B1 Bldg.
ITOH, Takehiko	С	🐼 Midorigaoka Bldg.6	19	HATA, Takeshi	Μ	\delta B2 Bldg.	17	SATO, Kengo	Μ	🚺 Midorigaoka Bldg
IWASAKI, Hiroshi	С	🔇 S2 Bldg.	19	HIRASAWA, Takashi	С	🜖 J2 Bldg.	22	YAMAYOSHI, Asako	Μ	🕒 B2 Bldg.
KAMACHI, Toshiaki	С	🐼 Midorigaoka Bldg.6	5 19	KAJIKAWA, Masaki	С	B2 Bldg.	22	YASUI, Takao	Μ	ら B2 Bldg.
KAMIYA, Mako	Μ	S R1A Bldg.	15	KATO, Akira	С	\delta B2 Bldg.	22	Associate Professor		
KANO, Fumi	С	S S2 Bldg.	20	KAWAKAMI, Atsushi	Т	\delta B1 Bldg.	25	KADONOSONO, Tetsuy	a M	🕒 B2 Bldg.
KAWAI, Kiyohiko	Μ	S B2 Bldg.	15	MATSUDA, Tomoko	Μ	🔇 J3 Bldg.	17	KITAGUCHI, Tetsuya	a C	S R1 Bldg.
KIMURA, Hiroshi	С	S S2 Bldg.	20	MIE, Masayasu	Μ	🜖 G1 Bldg.	18	MASAKI, Yoshiaki	Μ	🕒 B2 Bldg.
KINBARA, Kazushi	Μ	🔇 B2 Bldg.	15	NAKAMURA, Nobuhiro	o C	\delta B2 Bldg.	22	MIURA, Yutaka	Μ	S R1 Bldg.
KITAO, Akio	Μ	🐼 Midorigaoka Bldg.6	5 16	NIKAIDO, Masato	Т	• West Bldg.3	3 25	MIYASHITA, Eizo	Т	🕒 G3 Bldg.
KOBATAKE, Eiry	Μ	ら G1 Bldg.	16	NOZAWA, Kayo	Μ	\delta B1 Bldg.	18	MORI, Toshiaki	Μ	🕒 B2 Bldg.
KOMADA, Masayuki	С	🔇 S2 Bldg.	20	OHKUBO, Akihiro	Μ	ら J3 Bldg.	18	OGURA, Shun-ichirc	Μ	🕒 B1 Bldg.
KUME, Shoen	Т	🔇 B1 Bldg.	24	SHIMOJIMA, Mie	Т	🜖 B2 Bldg.	25	OKADA, Satoshi	Μ	S R1 Bldg.
NAKATOGAWA, Hitosh	ni C	S S2 Bldg.	20	SHIRAKI, Nobuaki	С	🜖 B1 Bldg.	23	ORIHARA, Kanami	С	🕒 J3 Bldg.
MASUDA, Shinji	Т	<b>S</b> B-B	24	TACHIBANA, Kazunor	Τİ	🕒 B2 Bldg.	26			
MURAKAMI, Satoshi	Μ	🜖 J2 Bldg.	16	TAGAWA, Yoh-ich	іТ	\delta B2 Bldg.	26	<pre>{Earth-Life Scie</pre>	ence	>
OSAKABE, Yuriko	т	🜖 J2 Bldg.	20	TO, Taiko	Μ	\delta B2 Bldg.	18	NAME	FIELD	Facility Name
SEIO, Kohji	Μ	🜖 J2 Bldg.	16	TSUTSUMI, Hiroshi	i M	🕒 B2 Bldg.	18	Professor		
SUZUKI, Takashi	т	🔇 B2 Bldg.	25	URIU, Koichiro	С	🐼 Midorigaoka Bldg.	6 23	MATSUURA, Tomoak	ci C	Ishikawadai Bldg.
TAGUCHI, Hideki	Μ	ら S2 Bldg.	16	YAMADA, Takuji	С	🐼 Midorigaoka Bldg.	6 23	Associate Professor		
TANAKA, Kan	С	🔇 R1 Bldg.	21	YATSUNAMI, Rie	С	🔇 J2 Bldg.	23	FUJISHIMA, Kosuke	e M	Ishikawadai Bldg.
TANAKA, Mikiko	т	🔇 B1 Bldg.	25	YOSHIDA, Keisuke	С	\delta R1 Bldg.	23	MCGLYNN, Shawi	n M	Ishikawadai Bldg.
UENO, Takafumi	Μ	🕒 B2 Bldg.	17					search Field		
							- R6	search Field		

### Suzukakedai Campus

12R2 Bldg. Facility Name 9G3 Bldg. Suzukakedai Campus Ookayama Campus 10R1 Bldg. G3 Bldg.
 14 West Bldg. 3 1 B1 Bldg. 11R1A Bldg 6J2 Bldg. 2 B2 Bldg. 10 R1 Bldg. Midorigaoka Area 3S2 Bldg. ⑦J3 Bldg. ③ B-A (B1B2 Annex A) 1 R1A Bldg. 15 Midorigaoka Bldg. 6 ④ B-B (B1B2 Annex B) 12 R2 Bldg. Ishikawadai Area ⑤ B-C (B1B2 Annex C) 13 S2 Bldg. 16 Ishikawadai Bldg. 7 6 J2 Bldg. 1) Ishikawadai Bldg. 8 🤊 J3 Bldg. ⑧ G1 Bldg. 2B2 Bldg. 1B1 Bldg. Ookayama Campus 5B-C (4)B-B ⑦Ishikawadai Midorigaoka Sta. 3B-A 14West Bldg. 3 Bldg. 8 16Ishikawadai Suzukakedai Sta. Bldg. 7 15Midorigaoka Bldg. 6 The School is composed of three majors, Life Science and Technology, Science and Technology for Health Care and Medicine and Earth-Life Science. Ookayama Sta.

#### (Science and Technology for Health Care and Medicine>

PAGE

FUJIE, Toshinori	Μ	ら B2 Bldg.	27				
KAJIWARA, Susumu	С	ら J3 Bldg.	29				
KOSHIKAWA, Naohiko	Т	ら B1 Bldg.	30				
KURODA, Kumi	Т	ら B1 Bldg.	30				
NAKAMURA, Hiroyuki	Μ	ら R1 Bldg.	27				
NISHIYAMA, Nobuhiro	Μ	ら R1 Bldg.	27				
SANEYOSHI, Takeo	Т	ら B1 Bldg.	30				
SATO, Kengo	Μ	M Midorigaoka Bldg	.6 27				
YAMAYOSHI, Asako	Μ	ら B2 Bldg.	27				
YASUI, Takao	Μ	ઠ B2 Bldg.	28				
Associate Professor							
KADONOSONO, Tetsuya	a M	ら B2 Bldg.	28				
KITAGUCHI, Tetsuya	С	ら R1 Bldg.	29				
MASAKI, Yoshiaki	Μ	🕒 B2 Bldg.	28				
MIURA, Yutaka	Μ	🕒 R1 Bldg.	28				
MIYASHITA, Eizo	т	ら G3 Bldg.	30				
MORI, Toshiaki	Μ	ら B2 Bldg.	28				
OGURA, Shun-ichiro	Μ	🕒 B1 Bldg.	29				
OKADA, Satoshi	Μ	ら R1 Bldg.	29				
ORIHARA, Kanami	С	🚯 J3 Bldg.	29				
〈Earth-Life Science〉							
NAME	FIELD	Facility Name	PAGE				

INAVIE	FIELD	Facility Name	PAGE
Professor			
MATSUURA, Tomoaki	С	Ishikawadai Bldg.7	7 31
Associate Professor			
FUJISHIMA, Kosuke	Μ	Ishikawadai Bldg.8	3 31
MCGLYNN, Shawn	Μ	Ishikawadai Bldg.7	7 31

**Research Field** 

M: Molecule C: Cell T: Tissue, Organism



#### Professor HAYASHI, Nobuhiro

Elucidation of something unknown of the life through high performance proteomics

Using AI proteomics technique developed by combination of original high-performance 2D-PAGE with AI, we are studying various subjects including basic, clinical and healthcare science. Keywords healthcare science, clinical proteomics, artificial intelligence (AI)

#### 2D-PAGE of some tissues

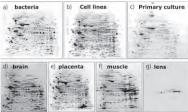
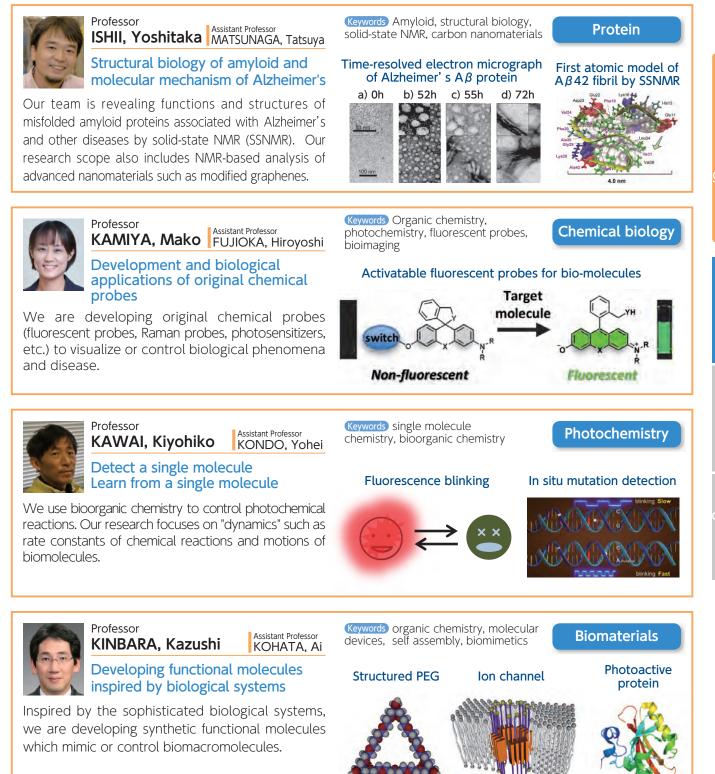


Image of future healthcare society

Protein





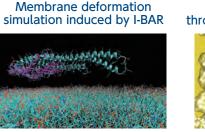


Professor KITAO, Akio

kio Assistant Professor TRAN, Phuoc Duy

Observing Biological Phenomena by Computer

We investigate molecular mechanisms of biological systems (protiens, nucleic acids, membrane, etc) by cutting-edge computer simulation.



Keywords Protein Dynamics,

Computational Chemistry

Computational Biology, Biophysics,

Computational Biology

#### Proton transfer through flagellar motor





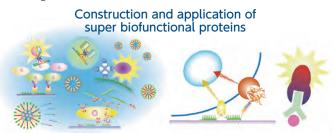
#### Professor KOBATAKE, Eiry

# Construction of super biofunctional protein materials

We have created various super biofunctional protein materials for controlling cellular functions and biosensing.

Keywords protein engineering, cellular and tissue engineering, biomaterial, biosensing

**Biomaterials** 





Professor MURAKAMI, Satoshi OKADA, Ui

# Structure and molecular mechanism of membrane protein complex

We seek to understand the molecular mechanism of key biological processes on the cell membrane and membrane proteins at the level of protein structure, dynamics and molecular biology. (Keywords) membrane protein, structural biology, protein crystallography, membrane transport

Keywords) organic chemistry of nucleic

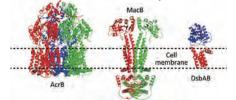
acids, transcription regulation, nucleic

acid drugs

Protein

Nucleic acids

#### Crystal structures of membrane protein solved in our laboratory



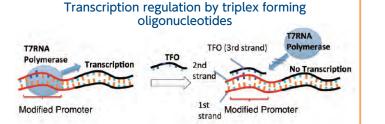


Professor SEIO, Kohji

Assistant Professor MURAKAMI, Eitaro

# Nucleic acids chemistry for regulation of genetic information

We are trying to establish novel methodologies to regulate nucleic acids related phenomenon, using organic chemistry, physical chemistry, biochemistry, and computational chemistry.

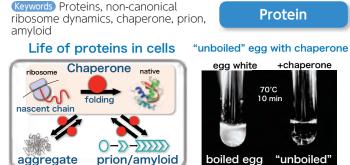




Professor TAGUCHI, Hideki Assistant Professor NIWA, Tatsuya

Life of proteins in cells: Translation, chaperone, prion

We are pursuing the expanding world of proteins in the cell, focusing on how proteins are synthesized and folded in cells (non-canonical ribosome dynamics, chaperones that assist protein folding, prions and so on).







Professor Assistant Professor UENO, Takafumi KIKUCHI. Kosuke

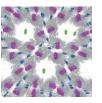
#### Development of artificial enzymes and biosupramolecular materials

Our interests are chemistry of protein assembly based on synthetic chemistry and structural biology to elucidate chemical reactions in living cells and develop biomaterials.

Keywords protein engineering, bioinorganic chemistry, chemical biology

#### **Biomaterials**

#### Functionalized protein crystal and artificial needle protein



Keywords photodynamic therapy,

photosensitizer, lanthanide nanoparticle



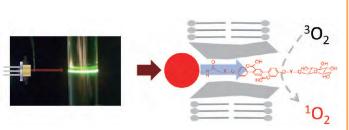
**Bioactive compounds** 



Professor YUASA, Hideya Assistant Professor KANAMORI, Takashi

#### Phostosensitizers and photodynamic therapy of cancer

We are studying photodynamic therapy of cancer using up-conversion nanoparticles and photosensitizers we developed on our own.





#### Associate Professor ASAKURA, Noriyuki

#### Bioelectrochemistry of proteins and hydrogen generation by photoinduced biological electron transfer

We are interested in understanding details of the important biological electron transfer. This provides precise control over enzyme reactions in direct electrochemical and photochemical studies.



#### Associate Professor HATA, Takeshi

Synthesis of bioactive compounds by sustainable molecular transformation

We are developing new sustainable synthetic methods for manipulation of organic molecules and also making natural products and pharmaceuticals by those methods.



#### Associate Professor MATSUDA, Tomoko

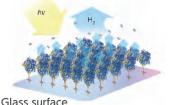
#### Organic synthesis by enzymes

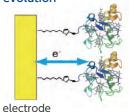
We have been using enzymes as a catalyst and  $CO_2$  as a solvent for organic synthesis to promote green chemistry.

Keywords electrochemistry, photochemistry, biological electron transfer, redox proteins

**Protein** 

#### Photoinduced hydrogen evolution





Keywords organic chemistry, synthetic chemistry, pharmaceutical chemistry, Bioactive compounds natural products chemistry

Sustainable synthesis of bioactive compounds

1 Utilization of Isomerized Cyclization (2) Sustainable Iron-catalyzed Reaction MeMaBi

Keywords enzyme, organic synthesis, CO<sub>2</sub>, green chemistry

#### **Biocatalysis**





#### Associate Professor **MIE, Masayasu**

#### Development of biomolecular tools

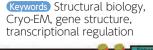
We are trying to develop molecular tools consist of biomolecules such as proteins and DNA for bioimaging, biosensing and regulation of cellular functions.



#### Associate Professor NOZAWA, Kayo

Structural and biochemical analysis of gene regulation by 3D genome folding

To understand gene regulatory mechanism, we employ cryo-EM to visualize high-order genome architectures, and aim to design and characterize in-vitro reconstituted genomic architectures.

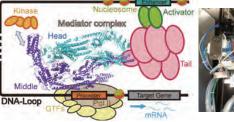


Keywords biomaterials, protein

engineering, cellular engineering

Induction of neural differentiation

by protein transduction





Chromatin, Gene expression

**Biomaterials** 

**Bioimaging with** 

engineered protein tag



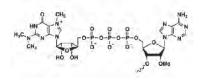
Associate Professor OHKUBO, Akihiro

# Development of new nucleic acid drugs for gene therapy

We develop new bioactive molecules including nucleic acids drugs for accurate regulation of biochemical reactions (transcription, splicing, translation) based on organic chemistry. Keywords bioorganic chemistry, nucleic acid chemistry, nucleic acid drugs

Bioactive compounds

#### Nucleic acid drugs for accurate regulation of biochemical reactions







#### Associate Professor **TO. Taiko**

# Elucidating the epigenome establishment mechanism in plants and its applications

Living organisms identify harmful sequences in their genomes and suppress them through epigenetic modifications. We are studying the mechanism how plants establish epigenomic patterns properly, as well as developing new applications. (Keywords) plants, epigenomics, molecular genetics, synthetic biology

Epigenome reconstitution

Chromatin, Gene expression

#### Association of variability (epigenome / phenotype)



#### Associate Professor TSUTSUMI, Hiroshi

#### Control and Analysis of Cell Environment based on Chemical Biology

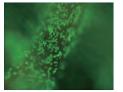
We design and chemically synthesize supramolecular hydrogels and various fluorescent probes to control and analyze cellular function and cell environment. (Keywords) fluorescent probe, bioimaging, supramolecular chemistry, cell environment chemistry

#### Supramolecular hydrogel



**Biomaterials** 

Cell culture using supramolecular hydrogels





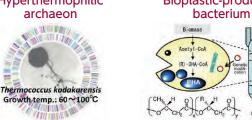
Professor FUKUI, Toshiaki

Assistant Professor ORITA, Izumi

#### Analyses and engineering of microbes for production of useful compounds

Our lab is studying on analyses and metabolic engineering of microbes (especially hyperthermophiles, bioplastic-producing bacteria, and methylotrophs) aiming efficient production of useful compounds.

Keywords bacteria/archaea, metabolic engineering, hyperthermophiles, bioplastic-producing bacteria Hyperthermophilic **Bioplastic-producing** 



Microbiology



#### Professor IGARASHI, Ryuji

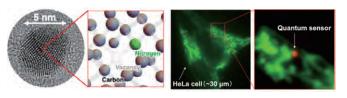
Discovering the Essence of Life **Beyond Classical Methodology** 

Quantum sensors are unveiling previously unseen minute biological changes and trace biomolecules, leading to a deeper understanding of life and pioneering ultra-early disease diagnostics.

Keywords diamond NV centers, single-cell/molecule, Liquid biopsy, Alzheimer's

Quantum Life

5 nm Quantum Sensor for Ultra-Sensitive Biometrics and Early Detection of Alzheimer's and Cancer.





Professor ITOH, Takehiko Assistant Professor TANAKA, Hiroyuki

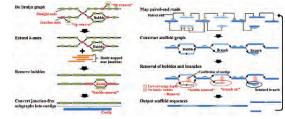
Elucidation of biological phenomenon using NGS and bioinformatics

We are studying biological phenomenon, using next generation sequencer and various computational bioinformatics techniques.

Keywords genome informatics, chromosome dynamics

**Bioinformatics** 

#### Overview of Platanus assembler algorithm





#### Assistant Professor Professor Professor IWASAKI, Hiroshi KANAMARU, Shuji

#### Temporospatial regulation of chromosome dynamics

We are studying the molecular basis that underlies temporospatial regulation of chromosome dynamics through various techniques. In particular, we focus on the process of homologous recombination and mating type switching in fission yeast.

Keywords chromosome biology,

repair, genome integrity

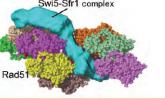
A model for RuvC

and Holliday junction

homologous recombination, DNA

Gene expression A model for Rad51 filament and Swi5-Sfr1 complex Swi5-Sfr1 complex

Chromatin,





#### Professor

Assistant Professor ITO, Hidehiro KAMACHI, Toshiaki

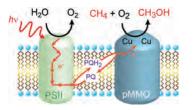
#### Elucidation and application of metal ions in biological system

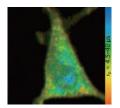
We are studying transduction of light energy into chemical energy by metalloenzyme and elucidation of oxygen dynamics inside a single cell.

Keywords metalloenzyme, oxygen imaging, energy transduction

Microbiology

Light energy transduction and oxygen imaging of cell







#### Professor KANO, Fumi

#### Cell Editing and Cell Design

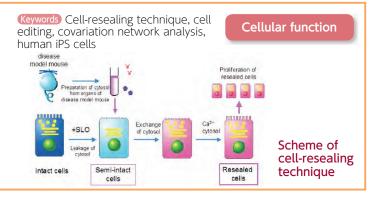
Kano lab is devoted to development of technologies for "Cell Editing and Cell Design". We use cell-resealing technique, a method for delivering molecules into cells, combined with a novel image-based analysis that creates covariation networks from immunostained cell images.



#### Professor KIMURA, Hiroshi IDE, Satoru

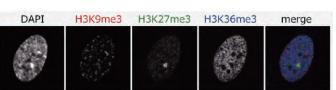
In vivo regulation of epigenetic dynamics

To understand the mechanism of gene expression, we are investigating histone modification dynamics in living cells and organisms.



(Keywords) epigenetics, cell nucleus, transcription, live cell imaging





Localization of various histone modifications

USP8 mutation in pituitary tumor in

Cushing' s disease



#### Professor KOMADA, Masayuki

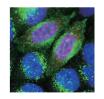
Regulation of cell proliferation by growth factor receptor downregulation

We study how cell proliferation is regulated by growth factor receptor downregulation and how its impairment leads to tumorigenesis, with a focus on pituitary tumor causing Cushing's disease.



Keywords) cancer, tumor, growth factor

receptor, ubiquitin



Cellular function



#### Professor NAKATOGAWA, Hitoshi Assistant Professor MOCHIDA, Keisuke

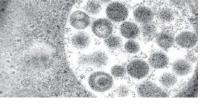
Elucidation of molecular mechanisms and physiological roles of autophagy

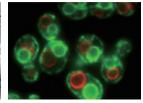
We are studying molecular basis and physiological functions of autophagy (self-eating), an intracellular bulk degradation/recycling system, using various techniques.

Keywords) yeast, organelles, membrane dynamics, starvation/stress response

Cellular function

Electron and fluorescence microscopy of yeast cells





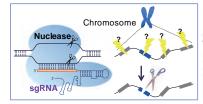


Professor OSAKABE, Yuriko Assistant Professor KIDOKORO, Satoshi

# Molecular basis of genome editing and genetic engineering

We are studying molecular basis of genome editing technology and its application, and genetic engineering to modify and improve gene function in various organisms. (Keywords) genome editing, genetic engineering, molecular breeding

Genome modification and genetic mutations using genome editing



Plant, Synthetic biology

Applications in medical and plants



Cell



Professor TANAKA, Kan

#### From understanding to design of cell systems

Assistant Professor

MAEDA, Kaisei

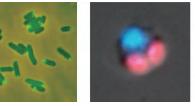
OSAKA, Natsuki

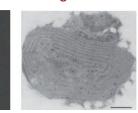
Our researches focus on fundamental architects of both prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells, destined for remodeling and design of cell systems.

Keywords photosynthesis, metabolism, gene expression, symbiosis/evolution

Microbiology

#### Researches on unicellular model microorganisms





Microbiology



Professor Assistant Professor WACHI, Masaaki IWAI, Noritaka

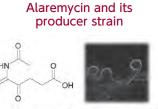
Regulatory mechanism of bacterial cell growth and metabolism

We want to know how bacterial cells perform cellular metabolism, grow, and reproduce. Screening of new antibiotics is also carried out.

Keywords E. coli, cell division, metabolism, antibiotics. Corynebacterium glutamicum

SEM image of C. glutamicum cells





Alaremycin Streptomyces sp. A012304



Professor

Assistant Professor SAKAMOTO, Satoshi YAMAGUCHI, Yuki YAMAMOTO, Junichi

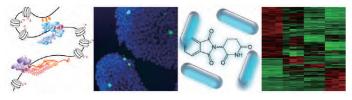
Understanding and applying the machinery of life

We are promoting both basic and applied research, focusing on control mechanisms of genome expression and chemical biology using small molecules.

Keywords gene expression, genome, drug development, chemical biology

Chromatin, ene expressior

Collage showing diverse research in the lab. From left. transcription, ES cells, drugs, genome-wide analysis.





Associate Professor Associate Professor AIZAWA, Yasunori KANEKO, Shinya

#### Elucidation of sequence-function relationship in the human genome

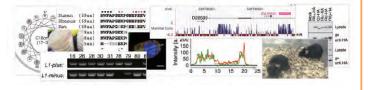
We apply various approaches of molecular and synthetic biology to elucidate significance of

(1) polycistronic translation of human mRNAs and (2) introns and retroelements in the human genomic functions.

Keywords gene, human genome, microprotein, new proteome technologies

Genomics

Multidisciplinary approaches to identify and understand new types of human genes





#### Associate Professor FUJITA, Naonobu

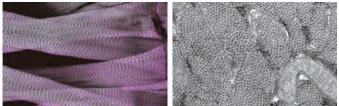
#### Mechanisms of formation and remodeling of organelles in muscle cell

Muscle cells are multi-nucleated giant cells with highly organized organelles. Our study aims to elucidate the mechanisms to form and remodel the organelles in muscle cells.

Keywords muscle cell, organelles, T-tubule, fruit fly

#### **Cellular function**

Fluorescence and electron microscopy of muscle cells





#### Associate Professor FUKUSHIMA, Toshiaki

Ubiquitin-dependent integrity of human cells and its abnormalities in disease

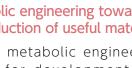
We study human cell regulation via the ubiquitin system, a large-scale protein modification system, and its dysregulation in diseases (tumors, neuro-degeneration, etc.) and aging.



#### Associate Professor HIRASAWA, Takashi

#### Metabolic engineering toward bioproduction of useful materials

We are studying metabolic engineering of microorganisms for development of key technologies on rational design of microbial cell factories for production of useful materials.



Host micro

factories, bioproduction

Ubiquitin

2

3

Keywords ubiquitin system, cell and

Ubiquitin-mediated

diverse cellular regulation

disease biology, translational research

Keywords applied microbiology, Microbiology metabolic engineering, microbial cell

Analysis of disease mutations of deubiquitinating

enzymes >>> To propose drug targets

Cellular function

An example of

translational research

for drug discovery

Metabolic engineering toward bioproduction

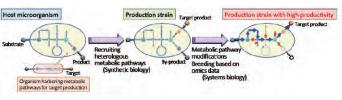
←Research interests

2. Signal transduction

organelle formation

1. Membrane traffic

3. Membrane-less





#### Associate Professor KAJIKAWA, Masaki

#### Are transposable elements alive?

There are a huge number of transposable elements (TEs) in the genome of organisms. Our aim is to elucidate the amplification mechanism of TEs.

Keywords transposable element, retrotransposon, genome evolution, epigenetics

Gene expression Nucleus Fransposable element

Cytoplasm

Chromatin,

Amplification of transposable elements

WT



#### Associate Professor Assistant Professor KATO, Akira NAGASHIMA, Ayumi

Epithelial mechanisms responsible for environmental adaptation

We compare expressions and functions of transporters in various epithelial cell types (kidney, intestine, etc.) among freshwater fishes, seawater fishes, and terrestrial animals.



#### Associate Professor NAKAMURA, Nobuhiro

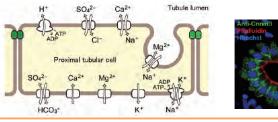
#### Regulatory mechanism of cell and tissue shape and function

Our research is focusing on the signaling mediators, such as receptors, that regulate the cell and tissue architecture and function and the pathogenesis of related diseases.

Keywords electrophysiology, molecular physiology, cell biology, comparative genomics

Cellular function

Renal excretion of divalent ions in marine teleost



KO





#### Associate Professor SHIRAKI, Nobuaki

#### Elucidation of the role of amino acid metabolism in stem cell differentiation

We are studying the role of amino acid metabolism in maintenance and differentiation of stem cells and its application for ES/iPS cell endoderm differentiation.



#### Associate Professor URIU, Koichiro

#### Mathematical analysis in Life Science

We use mathematical models and simulations to understand biological phenomena. We study developmental clock and circadian clock.

undifferentiated cells (Green : undifferentiated stem cells, Red ; endoderm cells)



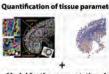
Methionine deprivation induced cell death only in

Keywords modeling, somitogenesis, circadian clock, simulation

Keywords ES cells, iPS cells, amino acid

metabolism, cell differentiation

#### Developmental clock



segmentati  $\frac{d\mathbf{x}_{i}(t)}{dt} + c_{i}\mathbf{n}_{i}(t) + \mu \sum \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{x}_{i}, \mathbf{x}_{i})$ cellular motions phase of  $\frac{dH}{dt} = at_i + \frac{d}{dt} \sum_{i=1, j=1}^{i} \sin(\theta_i(t) - \theta_i(t)) + \sqrt{2\theta_i} \mathcal{E}_a(t)$ the clocks

microbiomes

Keywords gut microbiome, metagenome,



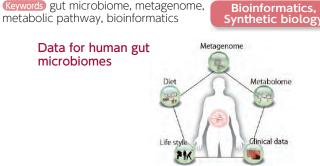
Cellular function



#### Associate Professor YAMADA, Takuji

#### Big data for human gut microbiome

We are studying molecular basis and metabolic functions of human gut or skin microbiome, using genomics, metagenomics and bioinformatics.





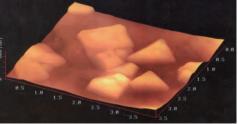
#### Associate Professor YATSUNAMI. Rie

#### Extremophiles and extremozymes have limitless possibilities !

We are doing researches on protein engineering of extremozymes (enzymes produced by extremophiles) and metabolic engineering of extremophiles for production of useful materials.



Microbiology



AFM image of triangular diskshaped halophilic archaeon



#### Associate Professor YOSHIDA, Keisuke

Comprehensive analyses of regulatory mechanisms of plant organelle functions

How are plants living under environmental fluctuations? We are studying regulatory mechanisms of plant organelle functions using various techniques.

Keywords photosynthesis, environmental acclimation, redox regulation, organelle crosstalk

#### Molecular mechanisms





#### **Physiological roles**





#### Professor HIROTA, Junji

Professor

Molecular neuroscience of a sense of smell

Our laboratory studies on molecular mechanisms underlying the fate determination of olfactory sensory neurons, using mouse genetics and imaging techniques.

HONGOH, Yuichi Assistant Professor MURAKAMI, Takumi

Molecular ecology and genome

evolution of symbiotic systems

Keywords olfaction, chemical sense, neuronal differentiation, genome engineering

#### Visualization of neurons in the main olfactory epithelium



Keywords symbiosis, insect, gut microbes, single-cell genomics, metagenomics

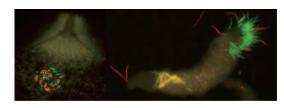
**Microbial Ecology** 

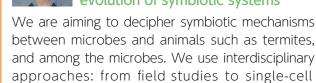
Neuroscience

Artificial chromosome &

genome editing

#### Termite-gut protists and their symbiotic bacteria





genomics.

#### Professor ICHINOSE, Hiroshi

Patho-physiology of neuro-psychiatric disorders in relation to monoamines

We are studying the regulatory mechanism of brain function by monoamines and by tetrahydrobiopterin in order to develop novel drugs and diagnostic tools against neuropsychiatric disorders.



#### Professor KUME. Shoen

#### Modeling organ development and homeostasis using human iPS cells

We are using human iPS cells to study the mechanism underlying organ development, differentiation, homeostasis, aiming for drug development and regenerative medicine.

Injected

Keywords dopamine, Parkinson's

disease, biomarker

Uniniected

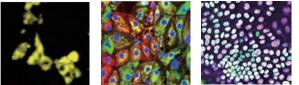
Conditional knock-out of the tyrosine hydroxylase gene by AAV-Cre

Neurochemistry

Keywords) stem cell, development & differentiation, drug development, regeneration

Development, Regeneration

ES/iPS cell-derived differentiated cells of the pancreatic, hepatic and intestinal cells





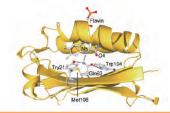
Professor MASUDA, Shinji Assistant Professor NONOYAMA, Shota

Elucidation of regulatory mechanisms of photosynthesis, chloroplast, and photoreceptor functions

We are studying molecular mechanisms of how photosynthetic organisms sense and respond to light quality and quantity to control photosynthesis.

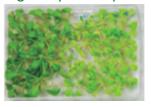
Keywords photoreceptor, chloroplast, photosynthesis, photo-oxidative stress

Photoreceptor protein BLUF



Photobiology

A photosynthesis regulatory mutant plant





Professor SUZUKI, Takashi

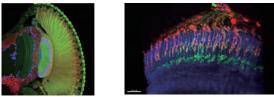
plasticity

Keywords brain, neuron, activity Assistant Professor OSAKA, Jiro

dependent plasticity, cell-cell communication Neuronal circuit formation and its

Neuroscience

#### Fluorescence microscopy of the Drosophila visual system





Professor TANAKA, Mikiko Assistant Professor KAWANISHI, Toru

Developmental basis of the evolution of vertebrate morphology

We are exploring the developmental and molecular mechanisms of how morphology of vertebrates have evolved.

mechanisms underlying neuronal circuit formation and function by means of molecular genetics.

> Keywords evolutionary developmental biology

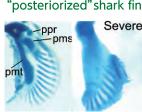
> > MafB is controlled by BMP

in limb bud



Control and 'posteriorized" shark fin







Associate Professor KAWAKAMI, Atsushi

#### Cellular and molecular mechanism of tissue regeneration

Multi-cellular organisms maintain their lives by regenerating damaged cells and tissues. In particular, fish retain high regeneration ability and regenerate fins, heart muscles, many internal organs, and even brain. We are tackling the mystery of tissues regeneration and homeostasis using zebrafish as a model.



Associate Professor NIKAIDO, Masato NAGASAWA, Tatsuki

Understanding the molecular mechanism of adaptive and parallel evolution

We are comparing the genomes of various animals to understand molecular mechanisms that generate biological diversity. We mainly focus on cichlids, ancient fish and hedgehogs.



#### Associate Professor SHIMOJIMA. Mie

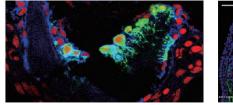
Physiological role of lipid remodeling in plants

We are studying molecular mechanism and physiological function of plant lipid remodeling (membrane lipids, storage lipids, and surface lipids) in response to environmental stress.

Keywords regenerative biology, zebrafish, stem cell, tissue homeostasis

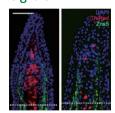
Development, Regeneration

Analyses by transgenic imaging, cell linage tracing, manipulation of molecular signals



Keywords evolutionary biology,

pheromone, cichlids, mammals



Parallel evolution from hairs to spines (hedgehogs and tenrecs)



**Evolution**, Ecology

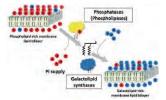




Keywords plant, lipid, oil, stress response

Plant

Lack of phosphate (Pi) starvation-induced lipid remodeling increases tolerance to drought stress







#### Associate Professor TACHIBANA, Kazunori

Elucidation of molecular mechanisms of spawning in jellyfish

We are studying molecular basis and physiological regulations of jellyfish spawning in laboratory and field.

Keywords jellyfish, spawning, photoperiodism

Chronobiology

#### Jellyfish (Cladonema pacificum) and its polyp







Associate Professor TAGAWA, Yoh-ichi

*in vitro* living models for animal experiment alternatives and preclinical studies

We are developing culture systems of ES/iPS cellderived tissues/organs on micro-fluidic devices closing livings (mouse or human). (Keyword) *in vitro* living model, synthetic biology, developmental engineering, regenerative medicine

Mouse ES-derived

hepatic tissue



#### In vitro living system





#### Professor FUJIE, Toshinori

Nano-biodevice based on dimensional control for biomedical applications

We envision the smart biodevice with integrated nano, bio and electronic systems towards minimally invasive medicine, expected for human healthcare and biomedicine.

Assistant Professor Professor Professor NAKAMURA, Hiroyuki KAKIUCHI, Ryo

Elucidation of biological functions and drug development by organic synthesis

We are developing new drugs for cancer therapy and new methodology for chemical biology based on synthetic organic chemistry.

Keywords biomaterials, polymer, tissue engineering, bioelectronics

#### Bio-integrated devices by nanosheet electronics



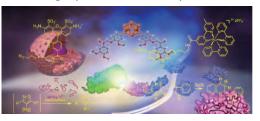
Keywords organic chemistry, medicinal chemistry, chemical biology, boron neutron capture therapy

Keywords nanomedicine, DDS, polymer

Bioactive compounds

**Biomaterials** 

Control of target protein functions by small molecules





Assistant Professor HONDA, Yuto Professor NISHIYAMA, Nobuhiro MUGURUMA, Kyohei

Development of smart nanomedicine based on polymer nanotechnology

We are developing synthetic polymer-based nanomedicines towards realization of future medicine such as treatment of intractable diseases including cancers and diagnostic imaging.



#### Professor SATO, Kengo

#### Applications of computer science to unravel the mysteries of life

Our aim is to accelerate life science research through data-driven bioinformatics using artificial intelligence and machine learning technologies.

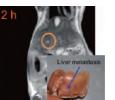
chemistry

From polymer synthesis to in vitro & in vivo evaluations



**Biomaterials** 

MR imaging of small



**Bioinformatics** 

RNA secondary structure prediction

medical AI



bioinformatics, drug discovery,

Keywords biomedical data science,



#### RNA design with deep generative model



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#### Professor YAMAYOSHI, Asako

Assistant Professor MIKAME, Yu

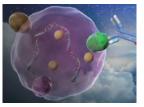
#### Development of nucleic acid drugs to control life phenomena

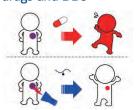
I have been challenging myself every day, focusing on the development of novel nucleic acid drugs and the drug delivery system (DDS) using exosomes.

Keywords nucleic acid drugs, DDS, extracellular vesicles, light-triggered molecules

#### **Bioactive Molecules**

#### Novel nucleic acid drugs and DDS





Molecule

D D



Professor YASUI, Takao

AJIRI, Taiga Innovation of biomolecular analysis using nano-intelligence platforms

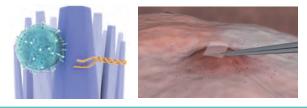
Assistant Professor

We aim to revolutionize life sciences and medicine by developing groundbreaking, cross-disciplinary technologies, turning the impossible into reality.

Keywords Biomolecular analysis, nano-intelligence platform, Liquid biopsy, Quantum life science

**Bioanalysis** 

#### Platforms for analyzing and collecting biomolecules





#### Associate Professor KADONOSONO, Tetsuya

#### **Biopharmaceuticals developed** by Smart Design technology

We are developing "smart design technology for molecules that mimic biological functions", by combining computational prediction and synthetic biological evaluation. Our aim is to create next-generation biopharmaceuticals.



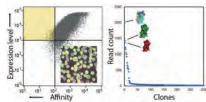
## Associate Professor

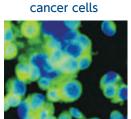
#### Chemical approaches for resolving issues in nucleic acid therapeutics

Nucleic acid therapeutics have the potential to treat even genetic diseases, but there are still many challenges. We are working on the development of chemical approaches to resolve these challenges.

Keywords Smart design, biophramaceuticals

#### Cell-based library screening and NGS analysis





Protein

Detection of breast

MASAKI, Yoshiaki

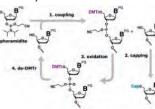
Keywords nucleic acid therapeutics, organic chemistry, chemoinformatics

#### **Nucleic acids**

#### Molecular design from protein-nucleic acid complex

synthetic method







#### Associate Professor MIURA, Yutaka

#### Development of novel biomaterials by using well-defined macromolecules

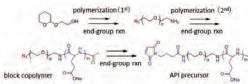
Our spotlight areas of research include the development of functional polymers and biomaterials for medical applications such as drug delivery and imaging.

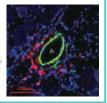
Keywords polymer, Nano-biotechnology, polymer-drug discovery, controlled release

#### **Biomaterials**

Accumulation of polymer-drug into limb ischemia (green:  $\alpha$ -ŠMA, red: polymer-drug, blue: nucleus)

#### Typical polymerization/reaction







#### Associate Professor MORI, Toshiaki

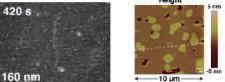
#### Interaction analyses of glycoconjugate on cell surface and its application for medical engineering

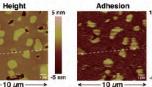
We investigate the interaction analyses of glycoconjugates on cell surface at single molecule level and aim at the preparation of biomedical materials.

Keywords glycoconjugates, lectin, glycosyltransferase, single molecular analysis

#### **Biomaterials**

Single molecular observation of glycoconjugates by atomic force microscopy





Molecule

Accurate DNA/RNA

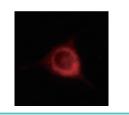


#### Associate Professor OGURA, Shun-ichiro

#### Development of new biochemistry for medical applications

We develop the new biochemistry based on the analysis of metabolite from human and aim for the medical applications including cancer. (Keywords) cancer diagnosis, cancer therapy, biomarker, cell physiological engineering

#### Visualized cancer cells



Keywords materials chemistry, chemical biology, molecular imaging

#### Biomaterials

Brain Ca<sup>2+</sup> imaging

**Bioactive compounds** 

**Biomarker analytical** 

system



#### Associate Professor OKADA, Satoshi

Development of functional materials for imaging and controlling biological functions

Our aim is to develop organic-inorganic hybrid materials for observing and controlling biological functions in animal models.



Keywords pathogen, immunity, drug

discovery, renewal resources



Applied Microbiology & Infection



#### Professor KAJIWARA, Susumu Assistant Professor CHEN, Xinyue

Molecular mechanisms of microbial infection, development of antimicrobial drugs & design of resource recycle system

We study about applied biochemistry and molecular microbiology for medical care and environmental conservation (notably, infection, drug resistance, host response, renewal resources).



Keywords GFP, bioimaging,

cell signaling



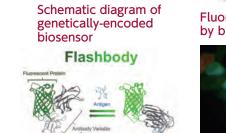
Appotosis induction of



#### Associate Professor KITAGUCHI, Tetsuya

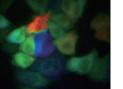
Development of genetically-encoded biosensors

We are developing tools for an optical microscope to visualize the dynamics of intracellular molecules in living cells, tissues and whole animal bodies.



Cellular function

Fluorescence microscopy by biosensor



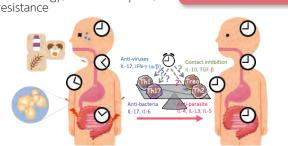
**Bioactive Molecules** 



#### Associate Professor ORIHARA, Kanami

# Preventing severe immune diseases by regulating peripheral clock

We are studying about mechanisms of exacerbation of infectious / allergic diseases from the viewpoint of biological clocks. We are also trying to develop preventative methods for severe cases. (Keywords) immunology, molecular biology, circadian rhythm, drug resistance



Cell



#### Professor Assistant Professor KOSHIKAWA, Naohiko FUNAHASHI, Nobuaki

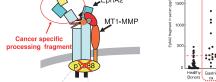
Analysis of tumor progression by extracellular proteolysis and its clinical applications

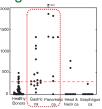
Aim of our study is to develop novel cancer diagnostics and therapeutics focusing on extracellular metalloproteases that act as a driving force of tumor malignant progression.

Keywords Cancer, extracellular matrix, matrix metalloproteinase, diagnostics/therapeutics

#### Cancer biology

Cancer-specific proteolytic fragment can be a potent diagnostic biomarker for malignant cancers EphA2

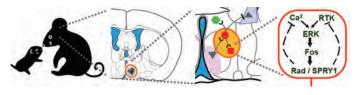




Keywords Parental care, infant attachment, Transport Response, mouse model

Neuroscience

Neural mechanism of parental care in mammals



After stim.



#### Professor Assistant Professor KURODA, Kumi PROKOFEVA, Kseniia Neurobiology of social

SANEYOSHI, Takeo YAMASAKI, Tokiwa

Elucidation of molecular mechanisms

are interested in understanding the molecular mechanisms of memory storage and how dysfunction of these mechanisms leads to

Assistant Professor

affiliation We study the neural mechanisms of affiliative social behaviors, esp. parent-infant relations in mammals, aiming to science-backed parenting

support and social security.

Professor

neurodevelopmental disorders.

Keywords synaptic memory, liquid-liquid phase separation (LLPS), neurodevelopmental disorders,

Synaptic memory

#### Neuroscience

Molecular memory (LLPS)





We

#### Associate Professor **MIYASHITA**, Eizo

of memory storage

Explore the brain to understand adaptive control mechanisms of the arm

Repeating a verification experiment based on a working hypothesis, we are trying to understand the brain that is called the last frontier around us. Experimental data are collected in multiple levels from behavior to neurons.

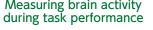
**Dendritic** spine



motor learning, brain machine interface Measuring brain activity

Quantum biology

Before stim.



Keywords brain science, neuroscience,



Neuroscience

BMI as a medical application





#### Professor MATSUURA, Tomoaki

# An artificial cell construction by design and evolution, and its application

We aim to clarify the nature of primitive cells that would have existed in the early stages of life, and construct molecules and molecular systems that can be put to practical use.

#### Associate Professor FUJISHIMA, Kosuke

# Study of RNA-peptide function for understanding the biological system

We are using synthetic biology methods to understand the functionality and evolvability of early RNA and peptides. We also design and explore de novo functional enzymes Keywords Origins of life, Directed evolution, RNA, Peptide, Astrobiology

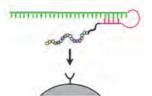
Keywords proteins, directed evolution,

artificial cells, origins of life

Schematic of

artificial cells

# mRNA display method to screen for functional peptides



Synthetic biology

Let m1

Bioinformatics, Synthetic biology

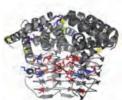
Microscopic images of

artificial cells

20µm

2.5 µm GPCR

Designing *de novo* functional enzymes



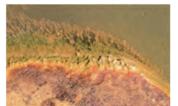


Associate Professor MCGLYNN, Shawn

The origin and evolution of life

How did life begin, and how has it changed through time? To understand these questions, we use diverse tools and model systems: chemistry, microbiology, stable isotopes, and more. Keywords onsen, phylogeny, iron-sulfide, enzyme

#### Hot Spring Microbiology



Geomicrobiology & Prebiotic Chemistry

A simulated hydrothermal vent

Molecule

#### (Other Professor)

 TAKINOUE, Masahiro : DNA nanotechnology, artificial cell engineering, and molecular computing
YAMAMURA, Masayuki : Computational modeling collective function and morphogenesis
YANAGIDA, Yasuko : Device innovation by MEMS and biotechnology
SEKIJIMA, Masakazu : Machine Learning and Molecular Simulation for Drug Discovery and Elucidation of Biological Phenomena

#### (Assistant Professors)

DENDA, Kimitoshi : Molecular physiology of cell growth and development during embryogenesis FURUTA, Tadaomi : Biophysical elucidations of biomolecular functions INOHAYA, Keiji : Bone formation and development OKUMURA, Eiichi : Cell cycle control and signal transduction SHIMADA, Naohiko : Biomaterials applications of thermo-responsive polymers TAMORI, Masaki : Physiology and morphology of echinoderms TANAKA, Toshiaki : Protein transport and cell proliferation

For details of the research themes, please see the website of each laboratory linked from the following URL.

https://educ.titech.ac.jp/bio/eng/faculty/research\_lab/





B1 · B2 Bldg.



S2 Bldg.





J2·J3 Bldg.

/ebsite

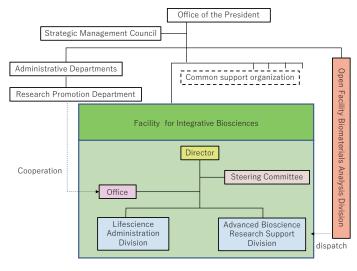
for Health Care and Med

licine

M6 Bldg.

# **Facility for Integrative Biosciences**

The Facility for Integrative Biosciences was established in April 2023 as an institute-wide support center providing advanced research promotion functions to design and promote cutting-edge bioscience research through the collaborative efforts of faculty, technical staff, and URAs. The Facility will provide advanced research equipment and technical supports to create research platforms for promoting bioscience and biotechnology research that contributes to the national biotechnology strategy, and will serve as a venue for creating new fusion research in science and engineering to accelerate cutting-edge biotechnology research. In addition, the Facility will bring together researchers and companies across disciplines to create new "bio-driven" research for the realization of "the world's most advanced bioeconomy society".





#### ◆Bioscience Management Division◆

- 1) Advises in researchers, coordinates joint and fusion research
- 2) Promotes cross-disciplinary fusion and industry-academia collaboration
- 3) Centralized management of various laws, regulations and compliance
- 4) Awareness-raises and consults for science and engineering researchers

#### Advanced Bioscience Research Support Division

- 1) Provides a 'place' and 'cutting-edge knowledge and technology' for bioscience research
- 2) Provides a sustainable advanced research promotion function
- 3) Maintains and manages animal facilities
- 4) Provides equipment for animal experiments
- 5) Develops strategies for cross-disciplinary and industry-academia collaboration

#### Facilities

DNA sequencer, Transmission electron microscope, Scanning electron microscope, Inverted laser scanning confocal microscope, Upright laser scanning confocal microscope, Inverted fluorescence microscope, Zoom microscope, Holotomography microscope, Rotary microtome, Cryostat, Cell sorter, Automatic cell culture observation system, Realtime PCR, Automated electrophoresis system, Automated pipetting system, Microvolume Spectrophotometer, Automated cell counter, Biological safety cabinet, Clean bench, CO<sub>2</sub> incubator



# **Cell Biology Center**

Led by Honorary Professor Yoshinori Ohsumi, the 2016 Nobel Prize laureate in Physiology or Medicine, the Cell Biology Center is a new consortium that will unite a diverse range of investigators from basic to applied science backgrounds. This center aims to investigate the structure and function of cells-the basic units of life-by observing molecular mechanisms and by manipulating cells with cell editing and cytoarchitectural techniques. The findings will be used to create cells with unique functions. Through these interdependent investigations, the center will elucidate the fundamental principles of cells through world class research and state-of-the-art techniques and ultimately contribute to next generation of cell engineering, human health, and disease treatment.

#### Location: Suzukakedai Campus, S2 Building

Members: Honorary Professor and Director Yoshinori Ohsumi, and Prof. Hiroshi Iwasaki, Prof. Hiroshi Kimura, Prof. Masayuki Komada, Prof. Hideki Taguchi, Prof. Hitoshi Nakatogawa, Prof. Fumi Kano, Assoc. Prof. Naonobu Fujita, Assist. Prof. Toshiaki Fukushima, Assist. Prof. Alexander I May, Assist. Prof. Tomoko Horie, Assist. Prof. Tatsuya Niwa, Assist. Prof. Hideo Tsubouchi, Assist. Prof. Satoru Ide, Assist. Prof. Keisuke Mochida,



# OHSUMI, Yoshinori

Honorary Professor

Keywaords yeast, autophagy, vacuole, starvation, growth control

#### Comprehensive studies of physiological roles of autophagy in yeast

We try to understand the induction mechanism and various modes of autophagy under various conditions. By biochemical analysis we have been studying degradation process of protein and RNA via autophagy and selective targets of autophagy.

Autophagosome by microscopy

One Research Group

http://www.rcb.iir.titech.ac.jp/en/index.html

Cell Nucleus System

Chromosome Dynamics

Epigenetics

Manipu

lation

Learning



One Company

Intracellular Protein Dynamics

Cell Editing

Elucidating the phenomena underlying life on a cellular level

Contribution to human health and

the treatment of disease through interdependent investigations

Chaperone • Nascent Polypeptides

Autophagy

Obser-

vation

Proliferation Signaling

Dynamism of Intracellular

Membranes

# Life Science and Technology Open Innovation Hub (LiHub)

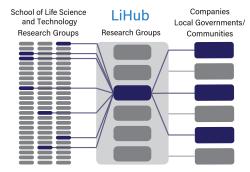
The Life Science and Technology Open Innovation Hub (LiHub) was established in 2016 with the goal of building up a new academic style for Open Innovation by accelerating collaborations between our faculty members and industrial communities. Our School is one of the largest academic organizations in life science and technology field in Japan, including 75 research laboratories, which covers a wide range of bio-related disciplines.

By taking this strong advantage, LiHub serves as interfaces for companies and/or public sectors that need expertise of life science and biotechnology for their business and social activities. LiHub arranges communication, discussion and collaborations with faculty members who meet requests from companies and/or public sectors. In LiHub, we have research groups that have already created communities for smooth academia-industry interactions, each of which is composed of 3-10 members of our faculties and specialized by one particular cutting-edge field such as biomaterial, biomatrix, bio-sustainable science, brain-environment interface, photosynthetic science, drug development and cancer research. New more LiHub research groups will be created upon companies and/or public sectors' requests.

For more information, visit the LiHub website (or search with the keyword, "LiHub"): http://www1.bio.titech.ac.jp/lihub/index.html

Conventional University-Industry Collaboration

LiHub-Produced Innovative Structure for University-Company Collaboration

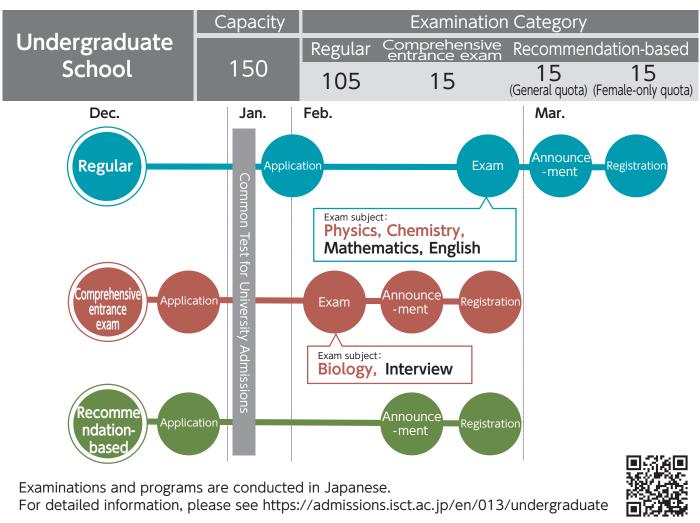


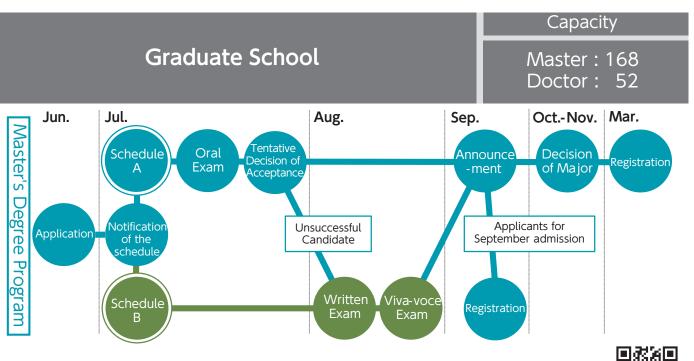
# Open Research Facilities for Life Science and Technology

Our school operates the Open Research Facilities for Life Science and Technology, which consists of the Shimadzu Corporation Precision Analytical Instruments Room, biomolecular analysis facility, shared organic synthesis laboratory, cell and protein analysis facility, ultracentrifuge facility, cold room, aquatic animal laboratory, microbial culture room, and shared laboratory and office spaces. In 2022, the nuclear magnetic resonance spectrometer was upgraded to the latest model, and we are promoting the enhancement of these open research facilities by installing new equipment. All these facilities and spaces are provided to support research and education in the life sciences and technology at Science Tokyo. We envision that these facilities will provide opportunities for active collaboration among scientists, students, and technical staff members.

In a collaboration between Science Tokyo and the Shimadzu Corporation, The Shimadzu Corporation Precision Analytical Instruments Room was established in 2017. This is a unique attempt to enhance research activities at Science Tokyo by using the instruments and knowledge of the Shimadzu Corporation. This room contains advanced bioanalytical instruments, including mass spectrometry and microchip electrophoresis systems, that were donated by or purchased from the Shimadzu Corporation. We often hold orientation sessions for new users, as well as open workshops and demonstrations for new instruments.

# Schedule for Admission



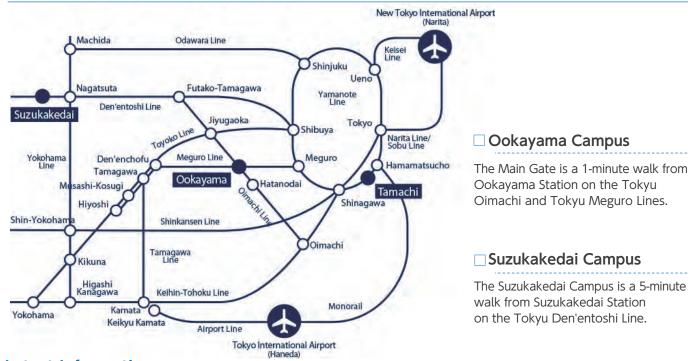


For detailed information of graduate programs (master's and doctoral degree programs), please see https://admissions.isct.ac.jp/en/013/graduate





#### Access



### Latest Information

Inquiries

Official site https://educ.titech.ac.jp/bio/eng/



### Information for enrollment

Undergraduate School https://admissions.isct.ac.jp/en/013/undergraduate

**Graduate School** https://admissions.isct.ac.jp/en/013/graduate



#### 4259 Nagatsuta-cho, Midori-ku, Yokohama, Kanagawa, 226-8501 JAPAN Office, School of Life Science and Technology, Science Tokyo. **TEL** 045-924-5942 (9:00 - 17:15) **E-mail** lst.adm@adm.isct.ac.jp