

Invitation to Life Science and Technology

 Institute of
SCIENCE TOKYO

Institute of Science Tokyo
School of Life Science and Technology



Table of Contents

Message from the Dean	3
History and Roots of the School	4
Education	6
Curriculum	8
Student's Activities and International Exchange	10
Special Graduate Programs	12
Future Careers	13
Faculty Members and Researches	14
Centers and Facilities	33
For Applicants	35

Message from the Dean

Professor KUME, Shoen, Dean



The School of Bioscience and Biotechnology was established at Tokyo Institute of Technology in 1990. In 2016, the School of Bioscience and Biotechnology and the Graduate School of Bioscience and Biotechnology merged to form a new School of Life Science and Technology. In 2024, Institute of Science Tokyo was established through the integration of Tokyo Institute of Technology and Tokyo Medical and Dental University. At this new stage, the university will continue to promote the fusion of its traditions with cutting-edge science, technology, and medical research, aiming for the further advancement of life science and technology.

In addition to over 100 affiliated faculty members, the School of Life Science and Technology also includes faculty from the Laboratory for Chemistry and Life Science at the Institute of Integrated Research (IIR), the Cell Biology Center, and the Earth-Life Science Institute (ELSI) at the Institute of Future Science, bringing the total faculty count to more than 120 across approximately 70 fields of study. In terms of research, we have established Open Research Facilities for Life Science and Technology to provide access to cutting-edge equipment, through which we have strengthened cooperation with other universities, research institutions, and companies at home and abroad. In recent years, the challenges we face have become increasingly complex, including issues such as rising threats of infectious diseases, declining birth rates, aging populations, and advances in regenerative medicine and biotechnology. We are actively developing new fields and interdisciplinary research to address these issues.

In terms of education, the undergraduate programs provide students with a thorough grounding in the fundamentals of life sciences and technology while providing ample opportunities to engage with the latest research. In addition, at the graduate level, we offer a variety of learning opportunities, including Graduate Majors in Life Science and Technology, Science and Technology for Health Care and Medicine, Earth-Life Science, Graduate Major in Materials and Information Sciences*, and Graduate Major in Super Smart Society* creating an environment that enables multidisciplinary education and research. We also offer entrepreneurship training to support the development of new ventures. Furthermore, our School actively promotes international exchanges with the goal of contributing to the development of internationally-minded researchers. *Doctoral Degree Program

We envision our institute as a place where future leaders can learn, think freely, and engage in research with a spirit of curiosity. We aim to cultivate young researchers who can contribute to human health, the preservation of the global environment, and the betterment of society through advanced understanding and application of life sciences and technology. Together, we will take a significant step forward as the Institute of Science Tokyo to achieve world-class research and education.

I sincerely look forward to working with all of you to shape the future of life sciences and technology.

Blending Life Science and Technology to Create Infinite Possibilities

Can you imagine how our society will change in the coming years?

We can foresee the future as life science and technology progress together.

Extensive research is being conducted at the School of Life Science and Technology, from exploring the principles of life to technological applications.

Collective knowledge and skills in life science and technology offer infinite possibilities for our future society.

History of the School

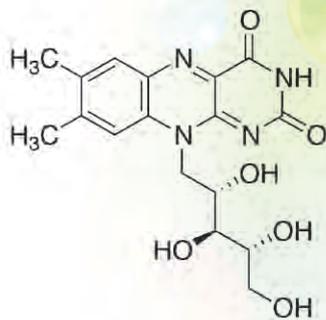
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- 1929 Foundation of the Tokyo Institute of Technology
 - June 1990 Foundation of the School of Bioscience and Biotechnology
 - April 1992 Foundation of the Graduate School of Bioscience and Biotechnology
 - Autumn 1993 Establishment of the Gene Research Center
 - March 1997 Establishment of the Research Center for Experimental Biology
 - 1999 Reorganization of the Graduate School
Three new departments were opened in the graduate school: Department of Life Science, Department of Biological Information, and Department of Biomolecular Engineering. The undergraduate school was restructured into two departments: Department of Bioscience and Department of Biotechnology.
 - 2000 The Department of Bioscience and the Department of Biotechnology in the graduate school were reorganized and renamed as the Department of Biological Sciences and the Department of Bioengineering, respectively.
 - 2001 Construction of the Radioisotope Research Center
 - 2003 Three research centers were merged to create the Center for Biological Resources and Informatics.
 - 2016 Reorganization of the undergraduate and graduate schools as the School of Life Science and Technology
 - 2024 Institute of Science Tokyo was established following the merger of Tokyo Institute of Technology and Tokyo Medical and Dental University.

Roots of the School

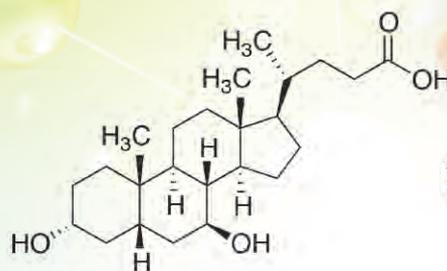


Science Tokyo successfully created vitamin B2 by hand for the first time, thereby making industrial production possible. In addition, a drug for improving liver function, Urso, and an antiviral drug, Aracena, were also synthesized at Science Tokyo.

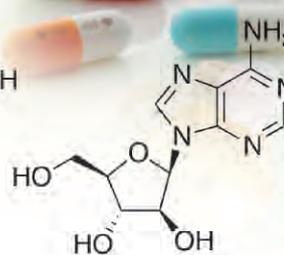
Furthermore, a group of Science Tokyo researchers discovered alkaline enzymes, which led to the development of enzyme-containing detergents. Based on this pioneering research, Science Tokyo established the School of Bioscience and Biotechnology, which was Japan's first interdisciplinary school of life science and technology.



Vitamin B2



Urso



Aracena

The School of Life Science and Technology is advancing world-class research, developing various fields related to the life sciences, and delivering excellent results.

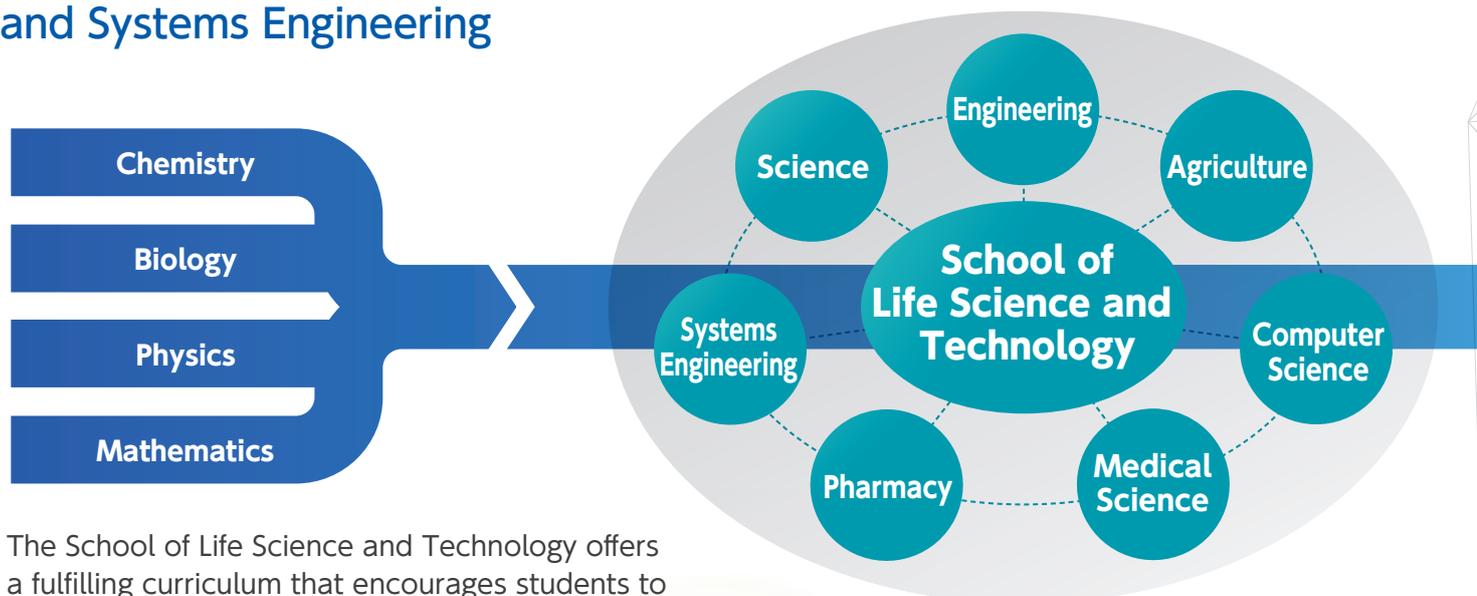
A Message from OHSUMI, Yoshinori Honorary Professor and 2016 Nobel Laureate in Physiology or Medicine

Science is a human activity that is built on a body of knowledge obtained over many generations. Therefore, it is impossible to separate the activities of scientists from the times in which they live. One example of this is when I became interested in the biological phenomenon called autophagy and began researching it using yeast. Although our understanding of the structure and laws of the natural world continues to accelerate rapidly, many mysteries remain beyond our reach. Even when you think you have it figured out, it's actually just the beginning of the next step. I believe it is more important than ever for the future of humanity to have a broad perspective, to think long-term, and to be able to make scientific judgement in diverse areas without being preoccupied with the achievements brought about by science and technology. My message for today's youth is to always be mindful of the future. If there seems to be some great authority in front of you, it merely indicates academic stagnation. The spirit of young people to surpass their predecessors is a driving force for progress. Do not be afraid to be different, and have the courage to embrace and develop your curiosity and interests without fear of the relentless volume of information that characterizes the modern age. Make sure you live a life that is truly satisfying, and find your own way with passion and resilience.



Fostering Global Leaders

Interdisciplinary Interactions Encompassing Science, Engineering, Pharmacology, Agriculture, Medical Science, Computer Science, and Systems Engineering



The School of Life Science and Technology offers a fulfilling curriculum that encourages students to become leaders in a variety of fields. The curriculum enables students to systematically acquire the foundational knowledge and expertise in life science and technology. Furthermore, students can obtain an advanced education in a cutting-edge research environment. Our variety of international programs and internships is also emphasized.

Undergraduate study

The largest education and research organization for life science and technology in Japan

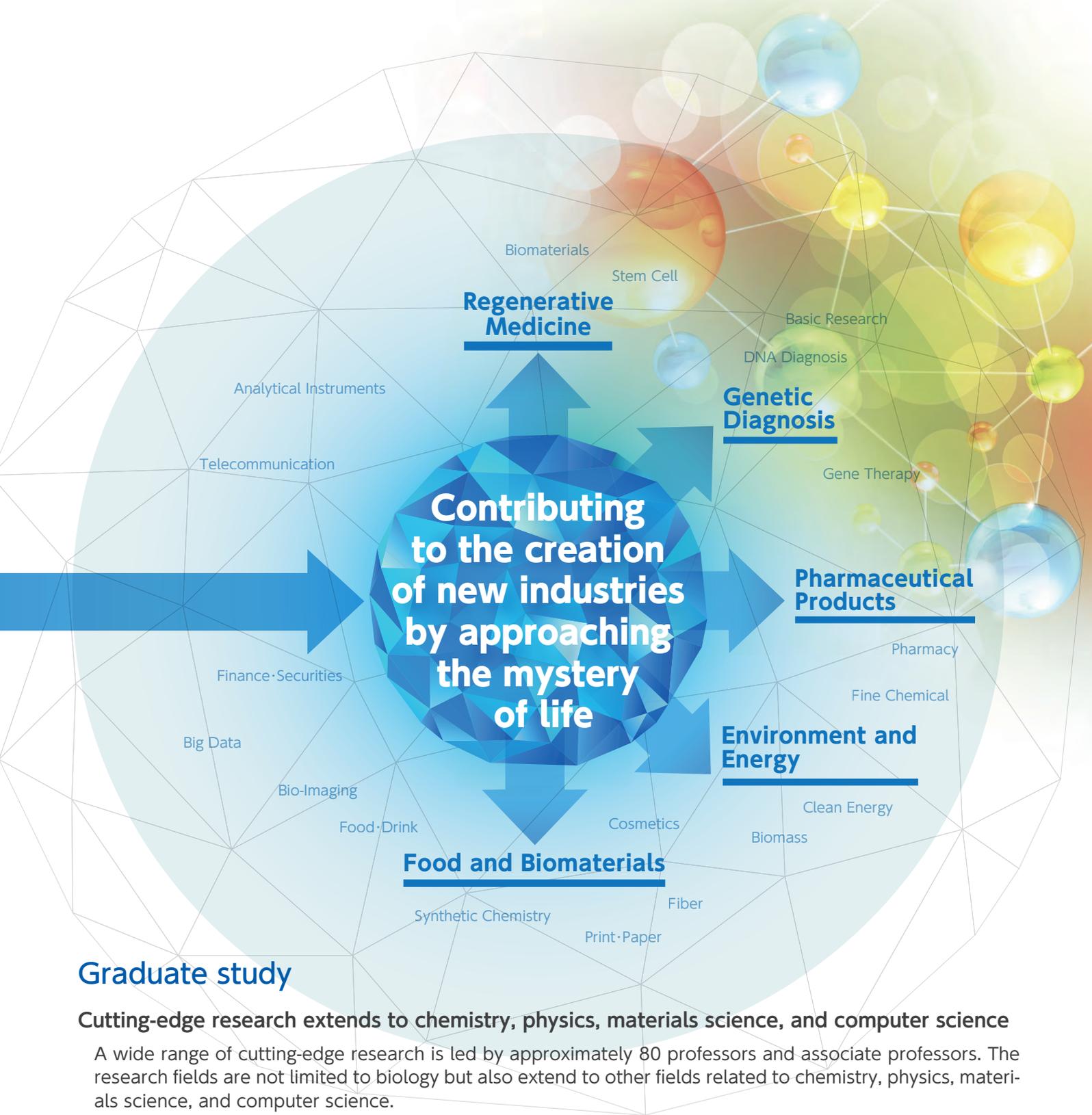
The School of Life Science and Technology is one of the largest undergraduate life science programs in Japan. Students can study the life sciences from polyphenic perspectives, including science, engineering, pharmacology, medicine, and agriculture.

Study abroad and internship opportunities

A set of well-established international exchange programs and short-term study programs are available, and undergraduate students are encouraged to use these programs to study overseas. Internships at companies are also encouraged, and credit is given for these activities.

Early enrollment in graduate-level classes

Because most students continue their studies at the graduate level, the School allows students to take graduate-level classes while they are undergraduates. Talented eligible students can also graduate early.



Graduate study

Cutting-edge research extends to chemistry, physics, materials science, and computer science

A wide range of cutting-edge research is led by approximately 80 professors and associate professors. The research fields are not limited to biology but also extend to other fields related to chemistry, physics, materials science, and computer science.

Research in an international environment

We welcome many outstanding researchers from abroad to visit and participate in research initiatives and seminars. Many of our laboratories have international students. There is an international atmosphere across the campus. Students are encouraged to attend conferences and internships abroad using the school's study abroad programs. Credit is also given for these activities.

Broad and diverse studies lead to employment in a variety of fields

Studies at the School of Life Science and Technology are related not only to scientific fields such as biology, chemistry, and physics but also engineering fields such as applied chemistry, materials, mechanical engineering, and computer science. Our alumni work in a variety of companies in different fields.

Pursuing New Forms of

Our new curriculum allows smooth transitions between degree programs. At the undergraduate level, students acquire basic knowledge in life science and technology by their third year and prepare themselves to participate in cutting-edge research by conducting the Independent Research Project (graduation research) in their final year.



Bachelor's Degree Program

1st Year

Fundamental Life Science
 Basic Chemical Thermodynamics
 Basic Quantum Chemistry
 Basic Organic Chemistry
 Basic Inorganic Chemistry
 Linear Algebra /Recitation
 Calculus /Recitation
 Fundamentals of Mechanics
 Fundamentals of Electromagnetism
 Information Literacy
 Fundamental Life Science Laboratory
 Introduction to Bio-Frontier Research
 Processes for Creation in Science and Technology
 School of Life Science and Technology Literacy
 International Bio-Creative Design

2nd Year

Physical Chemistry
 Organic Chemistry
 Biochemistry
 Molecular Biology
 Basic bioinorganic chemistry
 Molecular Genetics
 Bioinformatics1
 Biostatistics
 Instrumental Analysis in Bioscience
 Developmental Biology
 Fundamentals of Innovation Creation
 Basic Laboratory and Exercise

3rd ~ 4th Year

Biophysical Chemistry
 Structural Biology
 Bioinformatics2
 Bioorganic Chemistry
 Biomaterials Science
 Polymer Science
 Advanced biological inorganic chemistry
 Pharmaceutical Chemistry
 Plant Physiology
 Photosynthesis and photobiology
 Animal Physiology
 Evolutionary Biology
 Biological Science

Microbiology
 Cell Engineering
 Environmental Bioengineering
 Genetic Engineering
 Basic Neuroscience
 Enzyme Engineering
 Synthetic Biology
 Cell Biology
 Bioethics and Law
 Practices of Innovation Creation
 Biochemical Engineering
 Scientific discussions in English
 LST Seminar

Graduation Thesis
 Internship
 Overseas Training

List of lectures (partial list)

Learning

■ Academic quarter system

Our curriculum uses a quarter system in which each year is divided into quarters. The system allows flexible course planning and makes it easier for students to study abroad and complete internships.



★ Progress is measured by the student's level of achievement. Those who have attained a sufficiently high level may take more-advanced courses.

*By meeting prescribed criteria, it is possible to select Graduate Major in Materials and Information Sciences or Graduate Major in Super Smart Society.

Master's Degree Program

Learn by engaging in cutting-edge research

By joining a laboratory and conducting cutting-edge research, students gain a deeper understanding of their field and develop scientific skills.



Doctoral Degree Program

Make an impact in the future of the life sciences

Advanced doctoral research provides opportunities for students to take an active part in the fields of life science and technology both inside and outside of Japan.



For additional details of the support options available to students at Science Tokyo (tuition fee exemptions, scholarships, dormitory options, employment opportunities, etc.), please visit our website at <https://www.titech.ac.jp/english/prospective-students>

Student Work and Activities

The fast-growing fields of life science and biotechnology seek internationally active individuals who are able to open up a new era. By creating an independent study environment, the School of Life Science and Technology supports a variety of activities in which students take initiative and proactively communicate with other students and researchers around the world.

Learn by yourself, think actively, and materialize the idea with originality and ingenuity



Students at School of Life Science and Technology are trained to materialize the idea with originality and ingenuity from the first year of the bachelor's degree program in courses such as Processes for Creation in Science and Technology, International Bio-Creative Design, Fundamentals of Innovation Creation, and Practices of Innovation Creation. There are also opportunities to participate in presentation contests and give a speech on their achievements.

Science Tokyo Team wins another gold medal at iGEM



Approximately 200 teams of students from around the world participate in International Genetically Engineered Machine (iGEM), an international competition in synthesis biology. The former Tokyo Tech team, which mainly consisted of students from the School of Life Science and Technology, was famous for its record by winning the 11th consecutive gold medal. In 2025, Science Tokyo team was newly organized and, to our delight, won the gold medal.

Looking to the future of life science with world-famous researchers



With the hope of becoming world-class investigators, undergraduate and graduate students as well as young researchers can enrich their perspectives through participation in Bioscience and Biotechnology International Symposia and Top Leaders Forums where they can meet superb academics from home and abroad.

Join workshops and training seminars abroad



Science Tokyo offers students the opportunity to attend overseas workshops and training seminars in order to foster global leadership.

Exposure to cross-cultural environments while studying abroad

International internships are among the many ways in which students have the opportunity to visit universities and research institutes abroad. These programs aim to develop human resources in the field of life science and individuals capable of playing an active role in the world.



Massachusetts Institute of Technology



Heinrich-Heine-Universität Düsseldorf



University of Connecticut Health Center

Study abroad experiences

KAWAURA, Hinata

The three months I spent at the Gilestro Laboratory at Imperial College London was a hugely valuable experience. In the long-established academic culture of the UK, I observed that anything essential to the pursuit of academic excellence was respected above everything else. This meant that, unlike in Japan where students seldom counter the opinions of faculty members, students in the UK did not hesitate to engage in a battle of logic with their instructors. I found this setting extremely powerful, as it enables discussions among groups of individuals to come up with answers that would otherwise not be possible. I learnt a lot from my internship and intend to build on this experience as I continue to pursue my research.

IMADA, Takashi

I worked as an intern for five months at the Pamela Silver Laboratory at Harvard Medical School. During my stay, not only was I able to acquire new skills in imaging and analysis, but I was able to meet a diverse community of researchers and observe the different ways in which Japanese and American universities and laboratories are organized. This experience has impacted the way I view research as well. The pursuit of science should not be about following trends set by others. It should be about taking on unique and edgy research that explores new fields.

Students talk about their life in the lab

OKUI, Mio doctoral student

I have discovered an analogue of the antibiotic found in my laboratory and have been conducting research on it. As I have longed to be a researcher, this university is an ideal place for me because it offers comprehensive supports for research activities, such as the B2D scheme, which allows students to join laboratory one year early and receive consistent support through to the doctoral program. I am enjoying my research here, blessed with kind and supportive professors and lab mates.



Rahma Wirdatul Umami master's student

I first joined the Ogura Laboratory through a collaboration between my undergraduate supervisor at Universitas Indonesia and Professor Ogura. I chose to return to Science Tokyo for my graduate studies because its research culture and environment can nurture my growth as a researcher. The university and the lab provide opportunities, facilities, and flexibility to explore my research interests while allowing me to enjoy student life in Japan. Although the journey has its challenges, I am supported by my colleagues in conducting research on ALA-PDT for cancer therapy, and I hope that my work will one day bring meaningful benefits to society.



AGATA, Masashi undergraduate student

I am working on synthesizing new compounds to improve photosensitizers expected to be applied in cancer treatment. Although experiments don't always go as planned and can be frustrating, the bright and supportive atmosphere created by my professors and lab mates helps me work hard every day. With gratitude in my heart, and believing that the compounds I synthesize will contribute to the future of cancer treatment, I will continue my research with perseverance.



International Graduate Program (IGP)

<https://admissions.isct.ac.jp/en/013/graduate/programs/science-and-engineering>

International Graduate Program for Bioscience and Biotechnology

Since 2007, the School of Life Science and Technology (the former Graduate School of Bioscience and Biotechnology) has administered an international graduate course for foreign students from all over the world, especially excellent students from Asian countries.

In 2013, to further advance this graduate course, we launched new international education programs that include master's, doctoral, and integrated master's and doctoral education curricula designed to help students cultivate their creativity, learn practical working skills, and improve their English- and Japanese-language skills. In these International Graduate Programs, we foster international leaders who are able to develop leading-edge research and innovations in science and technology as a bridge between Japan and other countries.

Currently, our school has three Graduate Majors, Life Science and Technology, Science and Technology for Health Care and Medicine and Earth-Life Science. A student selects one of these majors after discussion with his or her supervisor.



Science Tokyo - Tsinghua University Joint Graduate Program

http://www.ipo.titech.ac.jp/tsinghua/index_en.html

Science Tokyo and Tsinghua University (China) jointly operate a double degree program for students at the master's levels. In addition to cultivating students' specialized scientific knowledge and research experience, the program strategically develops students with linguistic proficiency in Japanese, Chinese and English, and familiarity with the culture and customs of both Japan and China. Of the program's three courses — Bioscience and Biotechnology, Nanotechnology, and Decision Science & Technology — the "bio course" has historically played a central role. Managed jointly by each country's leading university in science and technology fields, the program is a model for international academic collaboration at the highest level of education and research. Industry-academia collaborative research symposia are held once a year in Tokyo or Beijing to foster development of human resources who can respond to a wide range of interdisciplinary issues and promote industrial development and cultural exchange based on international cooperation between Japan and China. Professors, students, and business people participate in these symposia, thereby deepening bilateral exchanges. The program is recognized for nurturing talented individuals with the ability to contribute to the international community.

Members of the 15th cohort from Tsinghua University

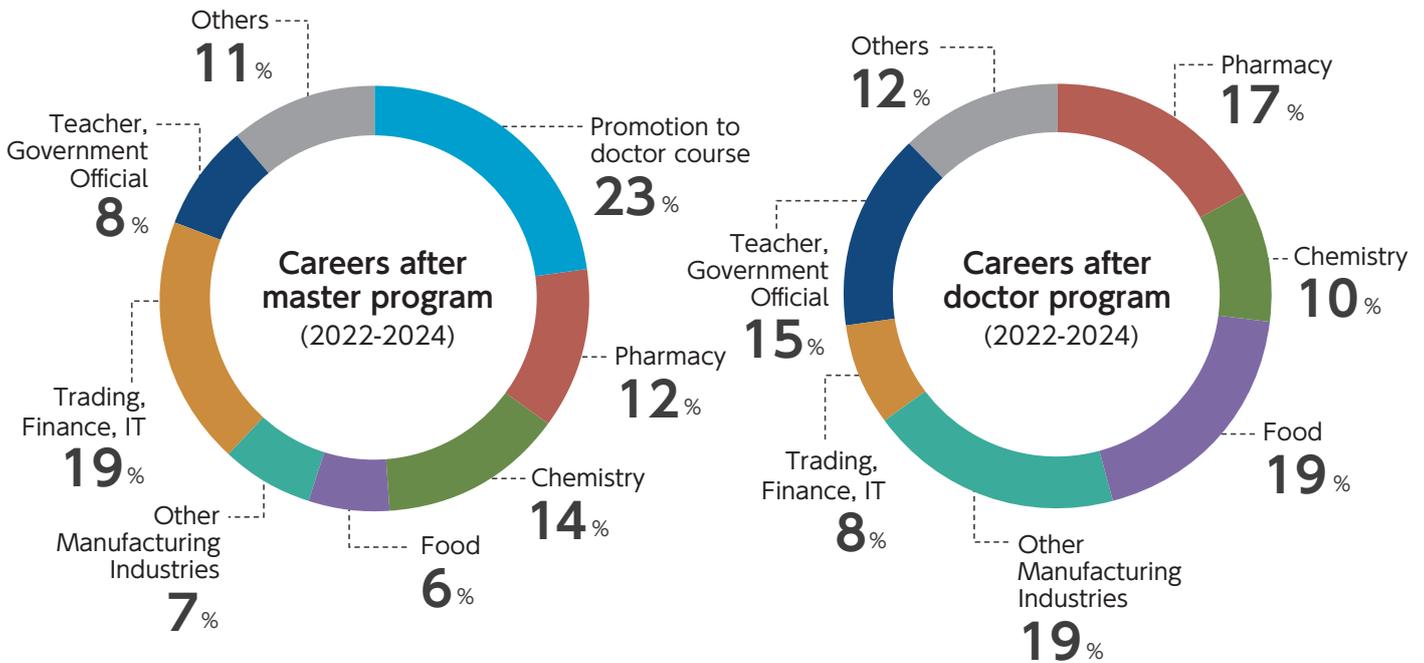
Members of the 20th cohort from Science Tokyo



20th anniversary ceremony on August 22, 2024

Working Globally

90% of the undergraduate students will proceed to the graduate school of Science Tokyo.



Places of employment

Pharmacy

Astellas Pharma, Kyowa Kirin, Takeda Pharmaceutical, Chugai Pharmaceutical, Eisai, Japan Blood Products Organization, Cmic, Daiichi Sankyo Propharma, Santen Pharmaceutical, Tanabe Pharma, Shionogi, etc.

Chemistry

Kao, JSR, Sumitomo Chemical, Teijin, Toray Industries, Fujifilm, Mitsui Chemicals, Mitsubishi Chemical, Lion, Du Pont Japan, L'Oreal, AGC, Dow Chemical, DIC, TOSOH, etc.

Food

Asahi Breweries, Ajinomoto, Lotte, S&B Foods, Kikkoman, Suntory Holdings, J-OIL MILLS, Nisshin Seifun, MARUHA NICHIRO, etc.

Other Manufacturing Industries

Kioxa, Dai Nippon Printing, Terumo, Toppan Printing, Nippon Paper, Hitachi, Fujitsu, Micron Memory Japan, Olympus, Keyence, Sony, Panasonic, TOYOTA MOTOR CORPORATION, etc.

Trading, Finance, IT

Itochu, NTT DOCOMO, NTT Date, Softbank, N S Solutions, Mizuho Bank, Sumitomo Mitsui Banking, MUFG Bank, Rakuten, KDDI, Sojitz Corporation, etc.

Teacher, Government Official

Science Tokyo., Tokyo Regional Taxation Bureau, Kyushu Univ., MEXT, AIST, Zhejiang Univ., NEDO, JST, Jichi Medical University, SUSTech, etc.

Others

Accenture, Odakyu Electric Railway, Kadokawa, IBM Japan, Mitsubishi Estate, NHK, etc.

Faculty Members List (Alphabetical order)

<Life Science and Technology>

NAME	FIELD	Facility Name	PAGE
Professor			
FUKUI, Toshiaki	C	Y B1 Bldg.	19
HAYASHI, Nobuhiro	M	M Midorigaoka Bldg.6	15
HIROTA, Junji	T	Y B-C	24
HONGOHO, Yuichi	T	W West Bldg.3	24
IGARASHI, Ryuji	C	M Midorigaoka Bldg.6	19
ISHII, Yoshitaka	M	Y J3 Bldg.	15
ITOH, Takehiko	C	M Midorigaoka Bldg.6	19
IWASAKI, Hiroshi	C	Y S2 Bldg.	19
KAMACHI, Toshiaki	C	M Midorigaoka Bldg.6	20
KAMIYA, Mako	M	Y R1A Bldg.	15
KANO, Fumi	C	Y S2 Bldg.	20
KAWAI, Kiyohiko	M	Y B2 Bldg.	15
KIMURA, Hiroshi	C	Y S2 Bldg.	20
KINBARA, Kazushi	M	Y B2 Bldg.	15
KITAO, Akio	M	M Midorigaoka Bldg.6	16
KOBATAKE, Eiry	M	Y G1 Bldg.	16
KOMADA, Masayuki	C	Y S2 Bldg.	20
KUME, Shoen	T	Y B1 Bldg.	24
NAKATOGAWA, Hitoshi	C	Y S2 Bldg.	20
NIKAIDO, Masato	T	W West Bldg.3	25
MASUDA, Shinji	T	Y B-B	25
MURAKAMI, Satoshi	M	Y J2 Bldg.	16
OSAKABE, Yuriko	T	Y J2 Bldg.	21
SEIO, Kohji	M	Y J2 Bldg.	16
SUZUKI, Takashi	T	Y B2 Bldg.	25
TAGUCHI, Hideki	M	Y S2 Bldg.	16
TAKINOUE, Masahiro	M	Y R1 Bldg.	17
TANAKA, Kan	C	Y R1 Bldg.	21
TANAKA, Mikiko	T	Y B1 Bldg.	25
UENO, Takafumi	M	Y B2 Bldg.	17

<Science and Technology for Health Care and Medicine>

NAME	FIELD	Facility Name	PAGE
Professor			
FUJIE, Toshinori	M	Y B2 Bldg.	27
KAJIWARA, Susumu	C	Y J3 Bldg.	29
KOSHIKAWA, Naohiko	T	Y B1 Bldg.	30
KURODA, Kumi	T	Y B1 Bldg.	30
NAKAMURA, Hiroyuki	M	Y R1 Bldg.	27
NISHIYAMA, Nobuhiro	M	Y R1 Bldg.	27
SANEYOSHI, Takeo	T	Y B1 Bldg.	30
SATO, Kengo	M	M Midorigaoka Bldg.6	27
YAMAYOSHI, Asako	M	Y B2 Bldg.	27
Associate Professor			
KADONOSONO, Tetsuya	M	Y B2 Bldg.	28
KITAGUCHI, Tetsuya	C	Y R1 Bldg.	29
MASAKI, Yoshiaki	M	Y B2 Bldg.	28
MIURA, Yutaka	M	Y R1 Bldg.	28
MORI, Toshiaki	M	Y B2 Bldg.	28
OGURA, Shun-ichiro	M	Y B1 Bldg.	28
OKADA, Satoshi	M	Y R1 Bldg.	29
ORIHARA, Kanami	C	Y J3 Bldg.	30
SEKI, Takakazu	M	Y B1 Bldg.	29
TODA, Yasuka	M	Y J2 Bldg.	29

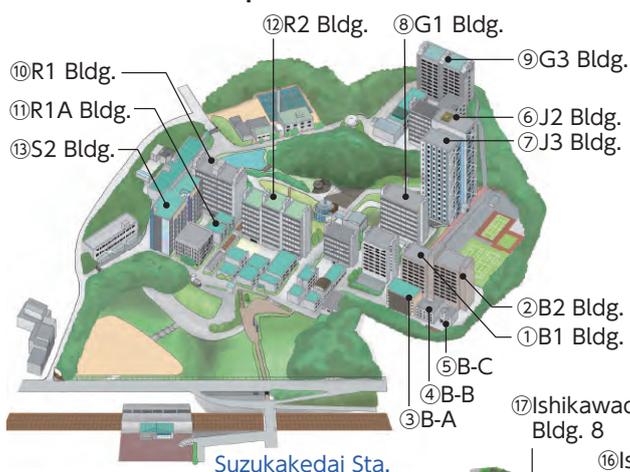
<Earth-Life Science>

NAME	FIELD	Facility Name	PAGE
Professor			
MATSUURA, Tomoaki	C	I Ishikawadai Bldg.7	31
Associate Professor			
FUJISHIMA, Kosuke	M	I Ishikawadai Bldg.8	31
MCGLYNN, Shawn	M	I Ishikawadai Bldg.7	31

Research Field

M : Molecule C : Cell T : Tissue, Organism

Yokohama Campus



Facility Name

Y Yokohama Campus

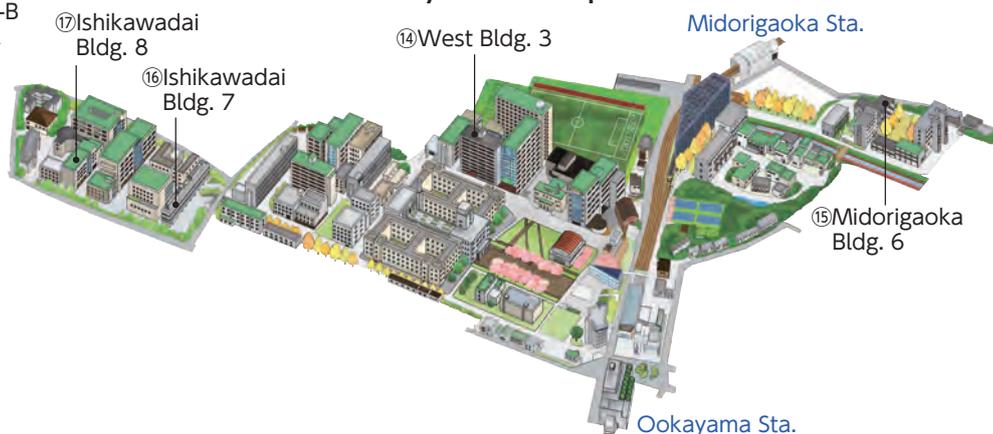
- ① B1 Bldg.
- ② B2 Bldg.
- ③ B-A (B1B2 Annex A)
- ④ B-B (B1B2 Annex B)
- ⑤ B-C (B1B2 Annex C)
- ⑥ J2 Bldg.
- ⑦ J3 Bldg.
- ⑧ G1 Bldg.

W West Bldg. 3

- ⑨ G3 Bldg.
- ⑩ R1 Bldg.
- ⑪ R1A Bldg.
- ⑫ R2 Bldg.
- ⑬ S2 Bldg.

- M Midorigaoka Area
- I Ishikawadai Area
- ⑭ West Bldg. 3
- ⑮ Midorigaoka Bldg. 6
- ⑯ Ishikawadai Bldg. 7
- ⑰ Ishikawadai Bldg. 8

Ookayama Campus





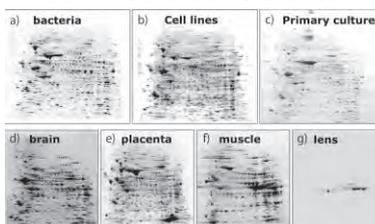
Professor
HAYASHI, Nobuhiro

Elucidation of something unknown of the life through high performance proteomics

Using AI proteomics technique developed by combination of original high-performance 2D-PAGE with AI, we are studying various subjects including basic, clinical and healthcare science.

Keywords healthcare science, clinical proteomics, artificial intelligence (AI)

2D-PAGE of some tissues



Protein

Image of future healthcare society



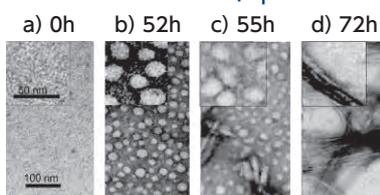
Professor
ISHII, Yoshitaka | Assistant Professor
MATSUNAGA, Tatsuya

Structural biology of amyloid and molecular mechanism of Alzheimer's

Our team is revealing functions and structures of misfolded amyloid proteins associated with Alzheimer's and other diseases by solid-state NMR (SSNMR). Our research scope also includes NMR-based analysis of advanced nanomaterials such as modified graphenes.

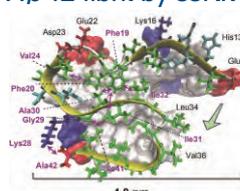
Keywords Amyloid, structural biology, solid-state NMR, carbon nanomaterials

Time-resolved electron micrograph of Alzheimer's Aβ protein



Protein

First atomic model of Aβ42 fibril by SSNMR



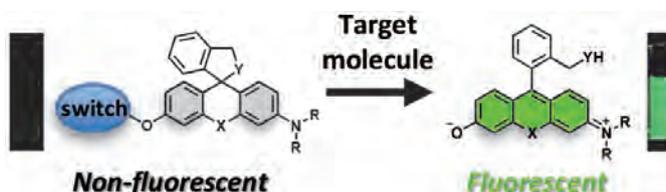
Professor
KAMIYA, Mako | Assistant Professor
FUJIOKA, Hiroyoshi
KAWATANI, Minoru

Development and biological applications of original chemical probes

We are developing original chemical probes (fluorescent probes, Raman probes, photosensitizers, etc.) to visualize or control biological phenomena and disease.

Keywords Organic chemistry, photochemistry, fluorescent probes, bioimaging

Activatable fluorescent probes for bio-molecules



Chemical biology



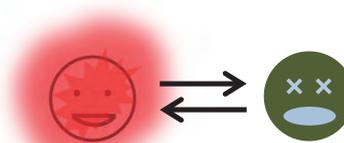
Professor
KAWAI, Kiyohiko | Assistant Professor
KONDO, Yohei

Detect a single molecule Learn from a single molecule

We use bioorganic chemistry to control photochemical reactions. Our research focuses on "dynamics" such as rate constants of chemical reactions and motions of biomolecules.

Keywords single molecule chemistry, bioorganic chemistry

Fluorescence blinking



In situ mutation detection



Photochemistry



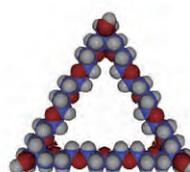
Professor
KINBARA, Kazushi | Assistant Professor
KOHATA, Ai

Developing functional molecules inspired by biological systems

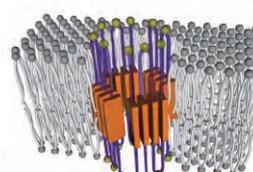
Inspired by the sophisticated biological systems, we are developing synthetic functional molecules which mimic or control biomacromolecules.

Keywords organic chemistry, molecular devices, self assembly, biomimetics

Structured PEG



Ion channel



Photoactive protein



Biomaterials



Professor
KITAO, Akio

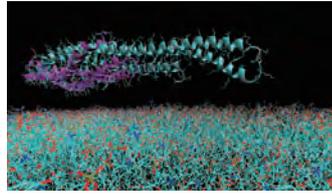
Assistant Professor
TRAN, Phuoc Duy

Observing Biological Phenomena by Computer

We investigate molecular mechanisms of biological systems (proteins, nucleic acids, membrane, etc) by cutting-edge computer simulation.

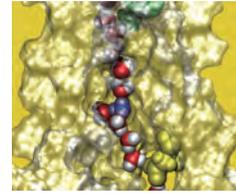
Keywords Protein Dynamics, Computational Biology, Biophysics, Computational Chemistry

Membrane deformation simulation induced by I-BAR



Computational Biology

Proton transfer through flagellar motor



Professor
KOBATAKE, Eiry

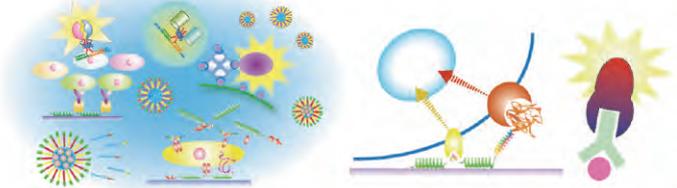
Construction of super biofunctional protein materials

We have created various super biofunctional protein materials for controlling cellular functions and biosensing.

Keywords protein engineering, cellular and tissue engineering, biomaterial, biosensing

Biomaterials

Construction and application of super biofunctional proteins



Professor
MURAKAMI, Satoshi

Assistant Professor
OKADA, Ui

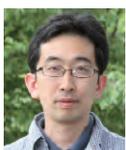
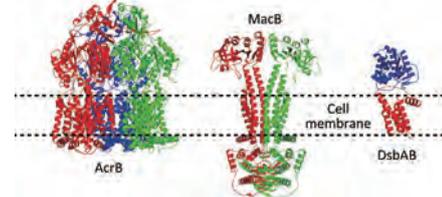
Structure and molecular mechanism of membrane protein complex

We seek to understand the molecular mechanism of key biological processes on the cell membrane and membrane proteins at the level of protein structure, dynamics and molecular biology.

Keywords membrane protein, structural biology, protein crystallography, membrane transport

Protein

Crystal structures of membrane protein solved in our laboratory



Professor
SEIO, Kohji

Assistant Professor
MURAKAMI, Eitaro

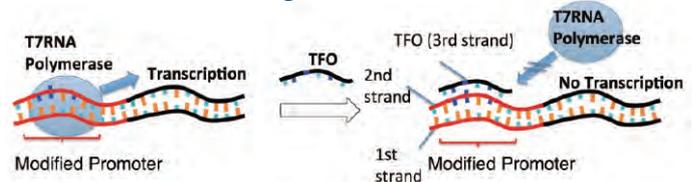
Nucleic acids chemistry for regulation of genetic information

We are trying to establish novel methodologies to regulate nucleic acids related phenomenon, using organic chemistry, physical chemistry, biochemistry, and computational chemistry.

Keywords organic chemistry of nucleic acids, transcription regulation, nucleic acid drugs

Nucleic acids

Transcription regulation by triplex forming oligonucleotides



Professor
TAGUCHI, Hideki

Assistant Professor
NIWA, Tatsuya

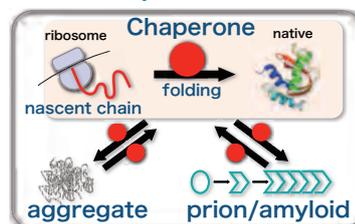
Life of proteins in cells: Translation, chaperone, prion

We are pursuing the expanding world of proteins in the cell, focusing on how proteins are synthesized and folded in cells (non-canonical ribosome dynamics, chaperones that assist protein folding, prions and so on).

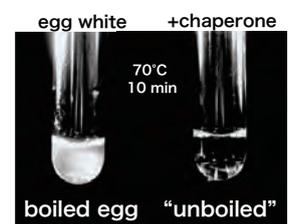
Keywords Proteins, non-canonical ribosome dynamics, chaperone, prion, amyloid

Protein

Life of proteins in cells



“unboiled” egg with chaperone





Professor
TAKINOUE, Masahiro | Assistant Professor
ARCHER, Richard J.

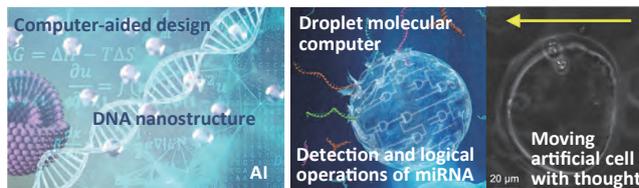
Construction of Artificial Cells and Chemical Artificial Intelligence

By computer-aided biomolecular design, we have constructed autonomously working intelligent artificial cells and chemical artificial intelligence for applications and unveiling living systems.

Keywords Artificial cells, Molecular computers, DNA nanotechnology, AI

Synthetic biology, Biocomputing

Construction of intelligent artificial cells using DNA, proteins, and lipids through computers and AI



Professor
UENO, Takafumi | Assistant Professor
KIKUCHI, Kosuke

Protein design for in-cell synthesis of nanomaterials

We program protein structures and functions directly inside cells, advancing from fundamental studies to the creation of next-generation therapeutics, catalysts, and soft-robotic materials.

Keywords Protein design, Polymer chemistry, Bioinorganic chemistry, Biophysics

Biomaterials

Fluorescent protein crystals synthesized in a cell, and the lattice formation of designed protein needles



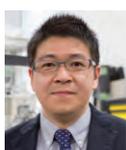
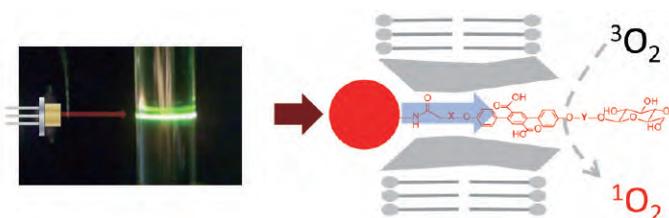
Professor
YUASA, Hideya | Assistant Professor
KANAMORI, Takashi

Photosensitizers and photodynamic therapy of cancer

We are studying photodynamic therapy of cancer using up-conversion nanoparticles and photosensitizers we developed on our own.

Keywords photodynamic therapy, photosensitizer, lanthanide nanoparticle

Bioactive compounds



Associate Professor
ASAKURA, Noriyuki

Bioelectrochemistry of proteins and hydrogen generation by photoinduced biological electron transfer

We are interested in understanding details of the important biological electron transfer. This provides precise control over enzyme reactions in direct electrochemical and photochemical studies.

Keywords electrochemistry, photochemistry, biological electron transfer, redox proteins

Protein

Photoinduced hydrogen evolution



Associate Professor
ASANUMA, Daisuke

Advanced chemical tools and biological function decoding

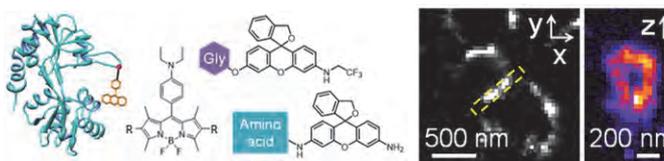
Through integration of rationally designed chemical tools with advanced imaging, we visualize and characterize cellular phenomena and their molecular networks.

Keywords organic chemistry, fluorescence probe, chemical tag, molecular imaging

Chemical Biology

Development of fluorescence probes

Intracellular nanostructures discovery via novel tagging





Associate Professor
HATA, Takeshi

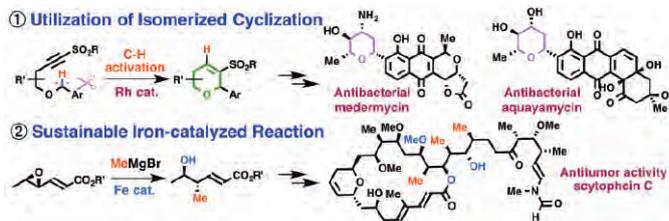
Synthesis of bioactive compounds by sustainable molecular transformation

We are developing new sustainable synthetic methods for manipulation of organic molecules and also making natural products and pharmaceuticals by those methods.

Keywords organic chemistry, synthetic chemistry, pharmaceutical chemistry, natural products chemistry

Bioactive compounds

Sustainable synthesis of bioactive compounds



Associate Professor
MATSUDA, Tomoko

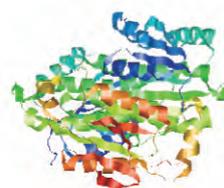
Organic synthesis by enzymes

We have been using enzymes as a catalyst and CO₂ as a solvent for organic synthesis to promote green chemistry.

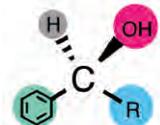
Keywords enzyme, organic synthesis, CO₂, green chemistry

Biocatalysis

Microorganism with useful enzymes as catalysts



Optically pure compounds for intermediates of pharmaceuticals



Associate Professor
MIE, Masayasu

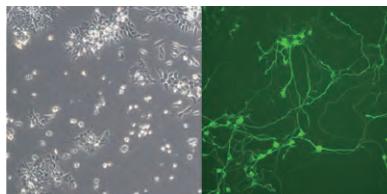
Development of biomolecular tools

We are trying to develop molecular tools consist of biomolecules such as proteins and DNA for bioimaging, biosensing and regulation of cellular functions.

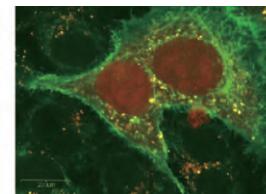
Keywords biomaterials, protein engineering, cellular engineering

Biomaterials

Induction of neural differentiation by protein transduction



Bioimaging with engineered protein tag



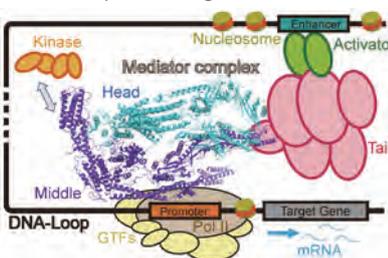
Associate Professor
NOZAWA, Kayo

Structural and biochemical analysis of gene regulation by 3D genome folding

To understand gene regulatory mechanism, we employ cryo-EM to visualize high-order genome architectures, and aim to design and characterize in-vitro reconstituted genomic architectures.

Keywords Structural biology, Cryo-EM, gene structure, transcriptional regulation

Chromatin, Gene expression



Associate Professor
TO, Taiko

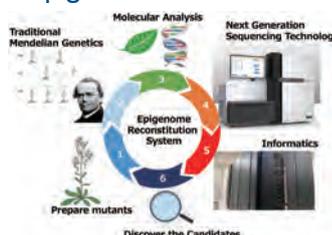
Elucidating the epigenome establishment mechanism in plants and its applications

Living organisms identify harmful sequences in their genomes and suppress them through epigenetic modifications. We are studying the mechanism how plants establish epigenomic patterns properly, as well as developing new applications.

Keywords plants, epigenomics, molecular genetics, synthetic biology

Chromatin, Gene expression

Epigenome reconstitution



Association of variability (epigenome / phenotype)





Associate Professor
TSUTSUMI, Hiroshi

Control and Analysis of Cell Environment based on Chemical Biology

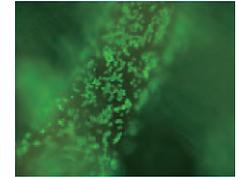
We design and chemically synthesize supramolecular hydrogels and various fluorescent probes to control and analyze cellular function and cell environment.

Keywords fluorescent probe, bioimaging, supramolecular chemistry, cell environment chemistry

Biomaterials

Cell culture using supramolecular hydrogels

Supramolecular hydrogel



Professor
FUKUI, Toshiaki

Analyses and engineering of microbes for production of useful compounds

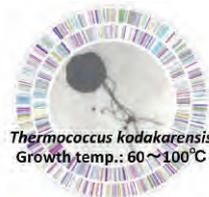
Our lab is studying on analyses and metabolic engineering of microbes (especially hyperthermophiles, bioplastic-producing bacteria, and methylotrophs) aiming efficient production of useful compounds.

Assistant Professor
ORITA, Izumi

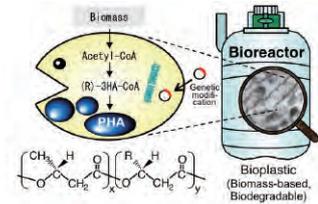
Keywords bacteria/archaea, metabolic engineering, hyperthermophiles, bioplastic-producing bacteria

Microbiology

Hyperthermophilic archaeon



Bioplastic-producing bacterium



Professor
IGARASHI, Ryuji

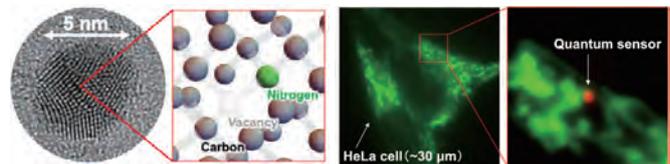
Discovering the Essence of Life Beyond Classical Methodology

Quantum sensors are unveiling previously unseen minute biological changes and trace biomolecules, leading to a deeper understanding of life and pioneering ultra-early disease diagnostics.

Keywords diamond NV centers, single-cell/molecule, Liquid biopsy, Alzheimer's

Quantum Life

5 nm Quantum Sensor for Ultra-Sensitive Biometrics and Early Detection of Alzheimer's and Cancer.



Professor
ITOH, Takehiko

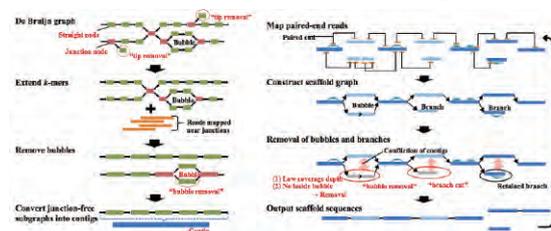
Elucidation of biological phenomenon using NGS and bioinformatics

We are studying biological phenomenon, using next generation sequencer and various computational bioinformatics techniques.

Keywords genome informatics, chromosome dynamics

Bioinformatics

Overview of Platanus assembler algorithm



Professor
IWASAKI, Hiroshi

Temporospatial regulation of chromosome dynamics

We are studying the molecular basis that underlies temporospatial regulation of chromosome dynamics through various techniques. In particular, we focus on the process of homologous recombination and mating type switching in fission yeast.

Assistant Professor
TSUBOUCHI, Hideo
KANAMARU, Shuji

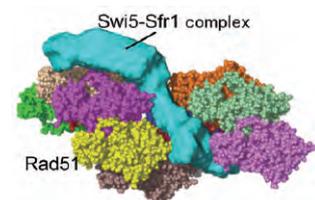
Keywords chromosome biology, homologous recombination, DNA repair, genome integrity

Chromatin, Gene expression

A model for RuvC and Holliday junction



A model for Rad51 filament and Swi5-Sfr1 complex





Professor **KAMACHI, Toshiaki** | Assistant Professor ITO, Hidehiro

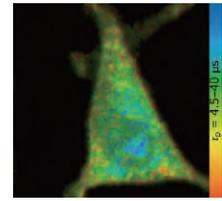
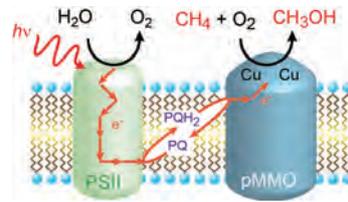
Elucidation and application of metal ions in biological system

We are studying transduction of light energy into chemical energy by metalloenzyme and elucidation of oxygen dynamics inside a single cell.

Keywords metalloenzyme, oxygen imaging, energy transduction

Microbiology

Light energy transduction and oxygen imaging of cell



Professor **KANO, Fumi** | Assistant Professor KUNISHIGE, Rina

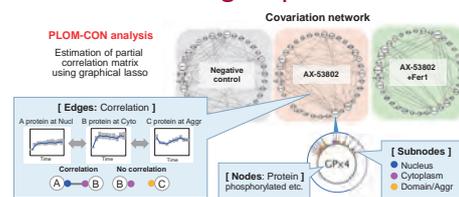
Cell Editing and Cell Design

Kano lab is devoted to development of technologies for "Cell Editing and Cell Design". We use cell-resealing technique, a method for delivering molecules into cells, combined with a novel image-based analysis that creates covariation networks from immunostained cell images.

Keywords Cell-resealing technique, cell editing, covariation network analysis, human iPS cells

Cellular function

Covariation Network Analysis to Characterize Cell States and Infer Drug Response Mechanisms



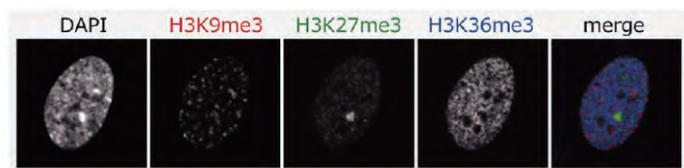
Professor **KIMURA, Hiroshi** | Assistant Professor IDE, Satoru

In vivo regulation of epigenetic dynamics

To understand the mechanism of gene expression, we are investigating histone modification dynamics in living cells and organisms.

Keywords epigenetics, cell nucleus, transcription, live cell imaging

Chromatin, Gene expression



Localization of various histone modifications



Professor **KOMADA, Masayuki**

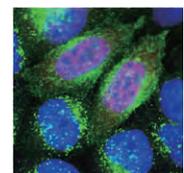
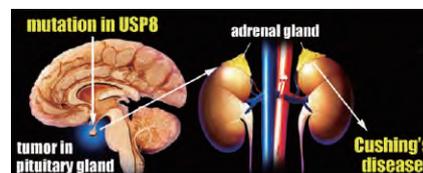
Regulation of cell proliferation by growth factor receptor downregulation

We study how cell proliferation is regulated by growth factor receptor downregulation and how its impairment leads to tumorigenesis, with a focus on pituitary tumor causing Cushing's disease.

Keywords cancer, tumor, growth factor receptor, ubiquitin

Cellular function

USP8 mutation in pituitary tumor in Cushing's disease



Professor **NAKATOGAWA, Hitoshi** | Assistant Professor MOCHIDA, Keisuke

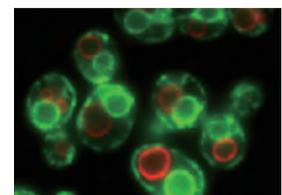
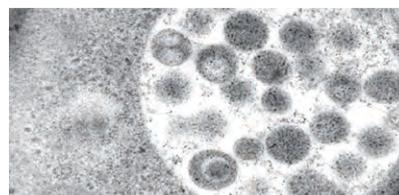
Elucidation of molecular mechanisms and physiological roles of autophagy

We are studying molecular basis and physiological functions of autophagy (self-eating), an intracellular bulk degradation/recycling system, using various techniques.

Keywords yeast, organelles, membrane dynamics, starvation/stress response

Cellular function

Electron and fluorescence microscopy of yeast cells





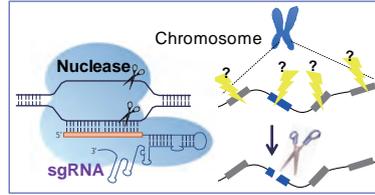
Professor
OSAKABE, Yuriko | Assistant Professor
KIDOKORO, Satoshi

Molecular basis of genome editing and genetic engineering

We are studying molecular basis of genome editing technology and its application, and genetic engineering to modify and improve gene function in various organisms.

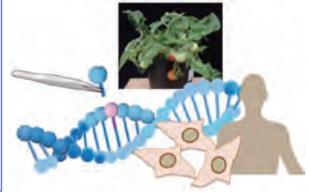
Keywords genome editing, genetic engineering, molecular breeding

Genome modification and genetic mutations using genome editing



Plant, Synthetic biology

Applications in medical and plants



Professor
TANAKA, Kan | Assistant Professor
MAEDA, Kaisei
OSAKA, Natsuki

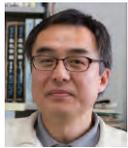
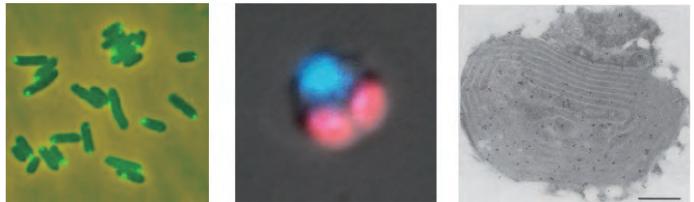
From understanding to design of cell systems

Our researches focus on fundamental architects of both prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells, destined for remodeling and design of cell systems.

Keywords photosynthesis, metabolism, gene expression, symbiosis/evolution

Microbiology

Researches on unicellular model microorganisms



Professor
WACHI, Masaaki | Assistant Professor
IWAI, Noritaka

Regulatory mechanism of bacterial cell growth and metabolism

We want to know how bacterial cells perform cellular metabolism, grow, and reproduce. Screening of new antibiotics is also carried out.

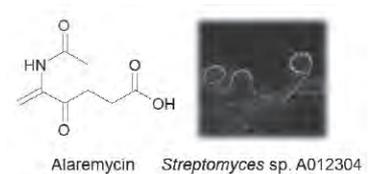
Keywords *E. coli*, cell division, metabolism, antibiotics, *Corynebacterium glutamicum*

Microbiology

SEM image of *C. glutamicum* cells



Alaremycin and its producer strain



Professor
YAMADA, Takuji

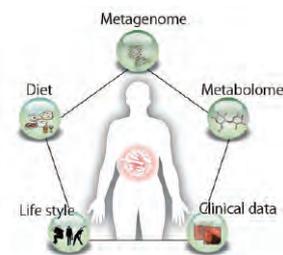
Big data for human gut microbiome

We are studying molecular basis and metabolic functions of human gut or skin microbiome, using genomics, metagenomics and bioinformatics.

Keywords gut microbiome, metagenome, metabolic pathway, bioinformatics

Bioinformatics, Synthetic biology

Data for human gut microbiomes



Professor
YAMAGUCHI, Yuki | Assistant Professor
SAKAMOTO, Satoshi
YAMAMOTO, Junichi

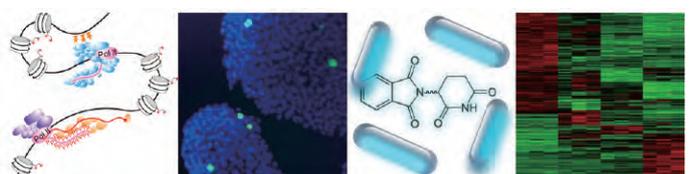
Understanding and applying the machinery of life

We are promoting both basic and applied research, focusing on control mechanisms of genome expression and chemical biology using small molecules.

Keywords gene expression, genome, drug development, chemical biology

Chromatin, Gene expression

Collage showing diverse research in the lab. From left, transcription, ES cells, drugs, genome-wide analysis.





Associate Professor
AIZAWA, Yasunori | Assistant Professor
KANEKO, Shinya

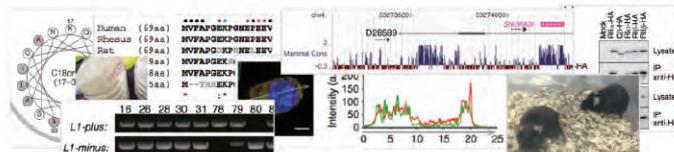
Elucidation of sequence-function relationship in the human genome

We apply various approaches of molecular and synthetic biology to elucidate significance of (1) polycistronic translation of human mRNAs and (2) introns and retroelements in the human genomic functions.

Keywords gene, human genome, micro-protein, new proteome technologies

Genomics

Multidisciplinary approaches to identify and understand new types of human genes



Associate Professor
FUJITA, Naonobu

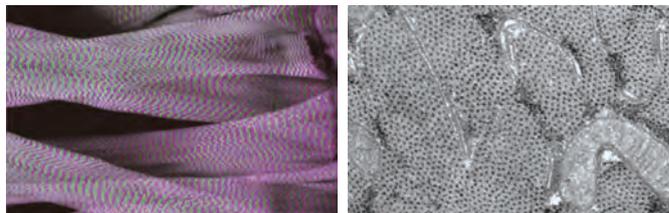
Mechanisms of formation and remodeling of organelles in muscle cell

Muscle cells are multi-nucleated giant cells with highly organized organelles. Our study aims to elucidate the mechanisms to form and remodel the organelles in muscle cells.

Keywords muscle cell, organelles, T-tubule, fruit fly

Cellular function

Fluorescence and electron microscopy of muscle cells



Associate Professor
FUKUSHIMA, Toshiaki

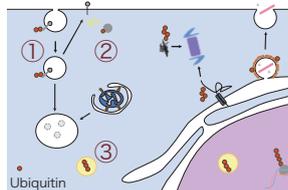
Ubiquitin-dependent integrity of human cells and its abnormalities in disease

We study human cell regulation via the ubiquitin system, a large-scale protein modification system, and its dysregulation in diseases (tumors, neuro-degeneration, etc.) and aging.

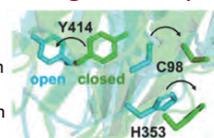
Keywords ubiquitin system, cell and disease biology, translational research

Cellular function

Ubiquitin-mediated diverse cellular regulation



An example of translational research for drug discovery



Analysis of disease mutations of deubiquitinating enzymes >>> To propose drug targets



Associate Professor
HIRASAWA, Takashi

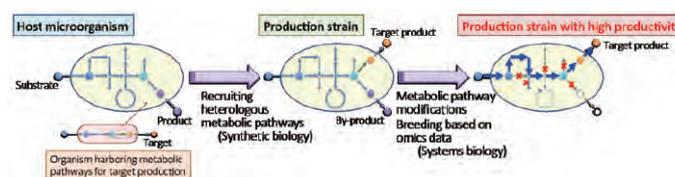
Metabolic engineering toward bioproduction of useful materials

We are studying metabolic engineering of microorganisms for development of key technologies on rational design of microbial cell factories for production of useful materials.

Keywords applied microbiology, metabolic engineering, microbial cell factories, bioproduction

Microbiology

Metabolic engineering toward bioproduction



Associate Professor
HORIE, Tomoko

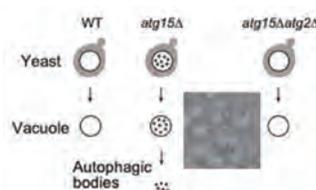
Decoding Cellular Recycling – Autophagy and metabolism

Understanding how cells degrade and recycle diverse biomolecules — including proteins, RNA, lipids, sugars, and various metabolites — through autophagy

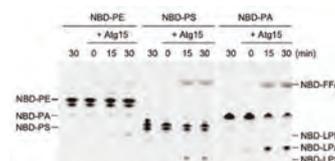
Keywords yeast, autophagy, vacuole, metabolism

Cellular function

Isolation of vacuoles and autophagic bodies



Phospholipid degradation





Associate Professor
KAJIKAWA, Masaki

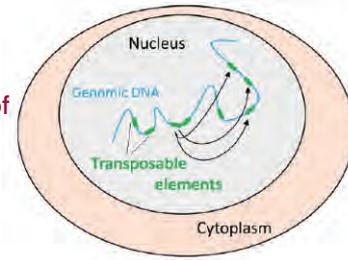
Are transposable elements alive?

There are a huge number of transposable elements (TEs) in the genome of organisms. Our aim is to elucidate the amplification mechanism of TEs.

Keywords transposable element, retrotransposon, genome evolution, epigenetics

Chromatin, Gene expression

Amplification of transposable elements



Associate Professor
KATO, Akira

Assistant Professor
NAGASHIMA, Ayumi

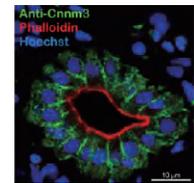
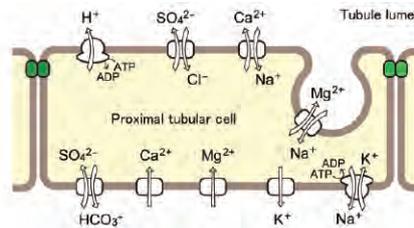
Epithelial mechanisms responsible for environmental adaptation

We compare expressions and functions of transporters in various epithelial cell types (kidney, intestine, etc.) among freshwater fishes, seawater fishes, and terrestrial animals.

Keywords electrophysiology, molecular physiology, cell biology, comparative genomics

Cellular function

Renal excretion of divalent ions in marine teleost



Associate Professor
NAKAMURA, Nobuhiro

Regulatory mechanism of cell and tissue shape and function

Our research is focusing on the signaling mediators, such as receptors, that regulate the cell and tissue architecture and function and the pathogenesis of related diseases.

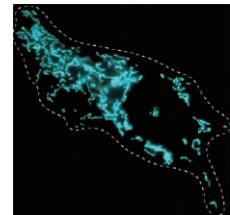
Keywords receptor, signal transduction, knockout mice, ubiquitin

Cellular function

Abnormal lung morphology in knockout mice



Mitochondrial morphology



Associate Professor
SHIRAKI, Nobuaki

Elucidation of the role of amino acid metabolism in stem cell differentiation

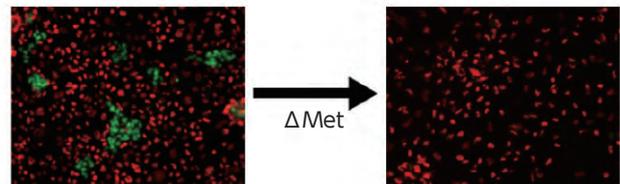
We are studying the role of amino acid metabolism in maintenance and differentiation of stem cells and its application for ES/iPS cell endoderm differentiation.

Keywords ES cells, iPS cells, amino acid metabolism, cell differentiation

Cellular function

Methionine deprivation induced cell death only in undifferentiated cells

(Green : undifferentiated stem cells, Red ; endoderm cells)



Associate Professor
URIU, Koichiro

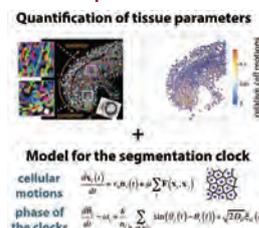
Mathematical analysis in Life Science

We use mathematical models and simulations to understand biological phenomena. We study developmental clock and circadian clock.

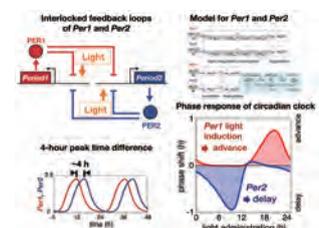
Keywords modeling, somitogenesis, circadian clock, simulation

Theoretical Biology

Developmental clock



Circadian clock





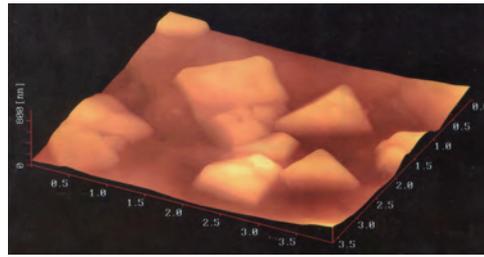
Associate Professor
YATSUNAMI, Rie

Extremophiles and extremozymes have limitless possibilities !

We are doing researches on protein engineering of extremozymes (enzymes produced by extremophiles) and metabolic engineering of extremophiles for production of useful materials.

Keywords protein engineering, metabolic engineering, extremophiles, extremozymes

Microbiology



AFM image of triangular disk-shaped halophilic archaeon



Associate Professor
YOSHIDA, Keisuke

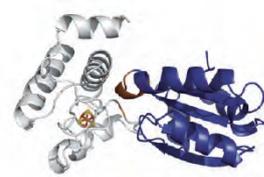
Comprehensive analyses of regulatory mechanisms of plant organelle functions

How are plants living under environmental fluctuations? We are studying regulatory mechanisms of plant organelle functions using various techniques.

Keywords photosynthesis, environmental acclimation, redox regulation, organelle crosstalk

Plant

Molecular mechanisms



Physiological roles



Professor
HIROTA, Junji

Molecular neuroscience of a sense of smell

Our laboratory studies on molecular mechanisms underlying the fate determination of olfactory sensory neurons, using mouse genetics and imaging techniques.

Assistant Professor
IWATA, Tetsuo

Keywords olfaction, chemical sense, neuronal differentiation, genome engineering

Neuroscience

Visualization of neurons in the main olfactory epithelium



Artificial chromosome & genome editing



Professor
HONGO, Yuichi

Molecular ecology and genome evolution of symbiotic systems

We are aiming to decipher symbiotic mechanisms between microbes and animals such as termites, and among the microbes. We use interdisciplinary approaches: from field studies to single-cell genomics.

Assistant Professor
MURAKAMI, Takumi

Keywords symbiosis, insect, gut microbes, single-cell genomics, metagenomics

Microbial Ecology

Termite-gut protists and their symbiotic bacteria



Professor
KUME, Shoen

Modeling organ development and homeostasis using human iPS cells

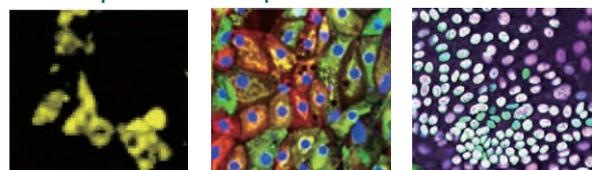
We are using human iPS cells to study the mechanism underlying organ development, differentiation, homeostasis, aiming for drug development and regenerative medicine.

Assistant Professor
DONG, Yupeng

Keywords stem cell, development & differentiation, drug development, regeneration

Development, Regeneration

ES/iPS cell-derived differentiated cells of the pancreatic, hepatic and intestinal cells





Professor
NIKAIIDO, Masato | Assistant Professor
NAGASAWA, Tatsuki

Understanding the molecular mechanism of adaptive and parallel evolution

We are comparing the genomes of various animals to understand molecular mechanisms that generate biological diversity. We mainly focus on cichlids, ancient fish and hedgehogs.

Keywords evolutionary biology, pheromone, cichlids, mammals

Evolution, Ecology

Parallel evolution from hairs to spines (hedgehogs and tenrecs)



Enlarged lip (cichlids)



Professor
MASUDA, Shinji | Assistant Professor
NONOYAMA, Shota

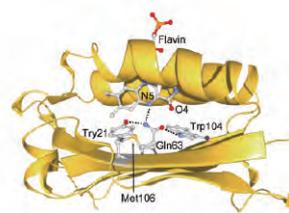
Elucidation of regulatory mechanisms of photosynthesis, chloroplast, and photoreceptor functions

We are studying molecular mechanisms of how photosynthetic organisms sense and respond to light quality and quantity to control photosynthesis.

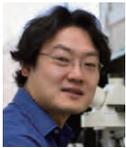
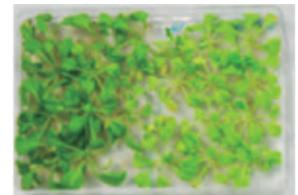
Keywords photoreceptor, chloroplast, photosynthesis, photo-oxidative stress

Photobiology

Photoreceptor protein BLUF



A photosynthesis regulatory mutant plant



Professor
SUZUKI, Takashi | Assistant Professor
OSAKA, Jiro

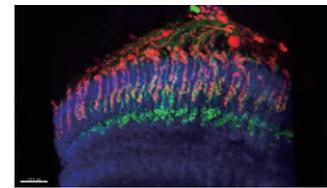
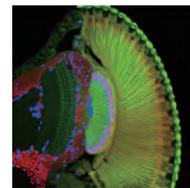
Neuronal circuit formation and its plasticity

Our research goal is to elucidate the molecular mechanisms underlying neuronal circuit formation and function by means of molecular genetics.

Keywords brain, neuron, activity dependent plasticity, cell-cell communication

Neuroscience

Fluorescence microscopy of the *Drosophila* visual system



Professor
TANAKA, Mikiko | Assistant Professor
KAWANISHI, Toru

Developmental basis of the evolution of vertebrate morphology

We are exploring the developmental and molecular mechanisms of how morphology of vertebrates have evolved.

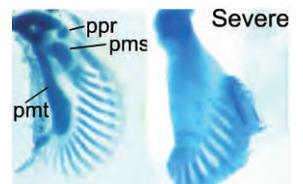
Keywords evolutionary developmental biology

Development

MafB is controlled by BMP in limb bud



Control and "posteriorized" shark fin



Associate Professor
KAWAKAMI, Atsushi

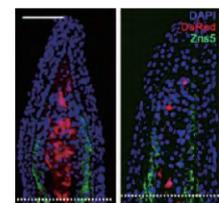
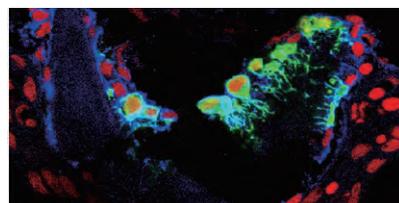
Cellular and molecular mechanism of tissue regeneration

Multi-cellular organisms maintain their lives by regenerating damaged cells and tissues. In particular, fish retain high regeneration ability and regenerate fins, heart muscles, many internal organs, and even brain. We are tackling the mystery of tissues regeneration and homeostasis using zebrafish as a model.

Keywords regenerative biology, zebrafish, stem cell, tissue homeostasis

Development, Regeneration

Analyses by transgenic imaging, cell lineage tracing, manipulation of molecular signals

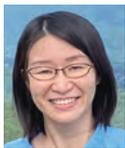


Life Science and Technology

Molecule

Cell

Tissue, Organism



Associate Professor
SEKINE, Sayaka

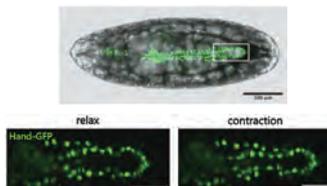
Mechanism of Heart Tube Self-Organization and Beating Initiation

Using high-resolution, high-speed imaging combined with genetics and simulations, we explore the fundamental mechanisms by which the heart forms and acquires stable, rhythmic beating.

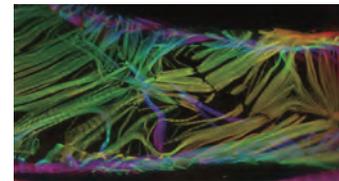
Keywords self-organization, high-resolution imaging, image analysis, tubular tissue

Development

Heart tube of the fruit fly



Spiral myofibrils in cardiomyocytes



Associate Professor
SHIMOJIMA, Mie

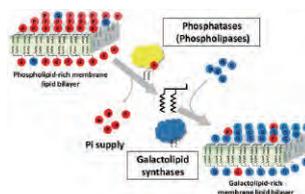
Physiological role of lipid remodeling in plants

We are studying molecular mechanism and physiological function of plant lipid remodeling (membrane lipids, storage lipids, and surface lipids) in response to environmental stress.

Keywords plant, lipid, oil, stress response

Plant

Lack of phosphate (Pi) starvation-induced lipid remodeling increases tolerance to drought stress



Wild type Mutant



Associate Professor
TACHIBANA, Kazunori

Elucidation of molecular mechanisms of spawning in jellyfish

We are studying molecular basis and physiological regulations of jellyfish spawning in laboratory and field.

Keywords jellyfish, spawning, photoperiodism

Chronobiology

Jellyfish (*Cladonema pacificum*) and its polyp



Associate Professor
TAGAWA, Yoh-ichi

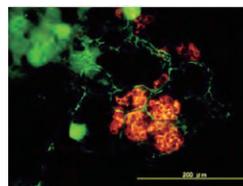
in vitro living models for animal experiment alternatives and pre-clinical studies

We are developing culture systems of ES/iPS cell-derived tissues/organs on micro-fluidic devices closing livings (mouse or human).

Keywords *in vitro* living model, synthetic biology, developmental engineering, regenerative medicine

Development, Regeneration

Mouse ES-derived hepatic tissue



In vitro living system





Professor **FUJIE, Toshinori** | Assistant Professor **HORII, Tatsuhiro**

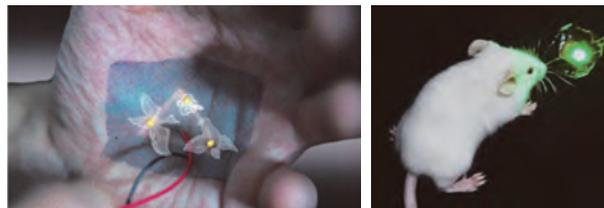
Nano-biodevice based on dimensional control for biomedical applications

We envision the smart biodevice with integrated nano, bio and electronic systems towards minimally invasive medicine, expected for human healthcare and biomedicine.

Keywords biomaterials, polymer, tissue engineering, bioelectronics

Biomaterials

Bio-integrated devices by nanosheet electronics



Professor **NAKAMURA, Hiroyuki** | Assistant Professor **MIURA, Kazuki** | **KAKIUCHI, Ryo**

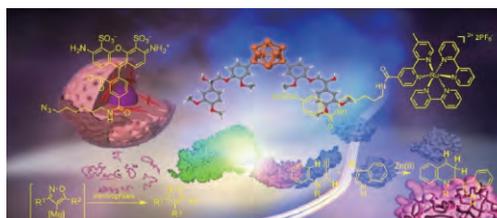
Elucidation of biological functions and drug development by organic synthesis

We are developing new drugs for cancer therapy and new methodology for chemical biology based on synthetic organic chemistry.

Keywords organic chemistry, medicinal chemistry, chemical biology, boron neutron capture therapy

Bioactive compounds

Control of target protein functions by small molecules



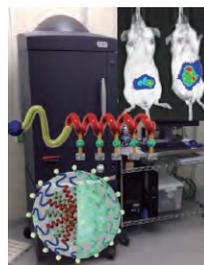
Professor **NISHIYAMA, Nobuhiro** | Assistant Professor **HONDA, Yuto** | **MUGURUMA, Kyohei**

Development of smart nanomedicine based on polymer nanotechnology

We are developing synthetic polymer-based nanomedicines towards realization of future medicine such as treatment of intractable diseases including cancers and diagnostic imaging.

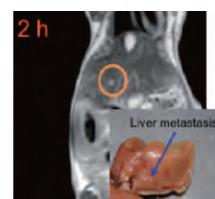
Keywords nanomedicine, DDS, polymer chemistry

Biomaterials



From polymer synthesis to *in vitro* & *in vivo* evaluations

MR imaging of small metastatic tumors in liver



Professor **SATO, Kengo** | Assistant Professor **TSUKIYAMA, Sho**

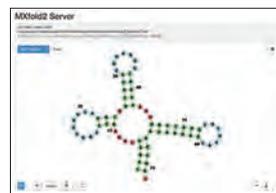
Applications of computer science to unravel the mysteries of life

Our aim is to accelerate life science research through data-driven bioinformatics using artificial intelligence and machine learning technologies.

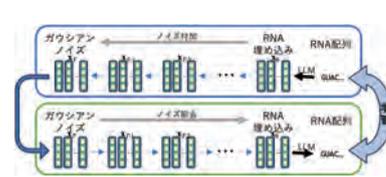
Keywords biomedical data science, bioinformatics, drug discovery, medical AI

Bioinformatics

RNA secondary structure prediction



RNA design with deep generative model



Professor **YAMAYOSHI, Asako** | Assistant Professor **MIKAME, Yu**

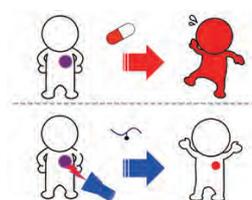
Development of nucleic acid drugs to control life phenomena

I have been challenging myself every day, focusing on the development of novel nucleic acid drugs and the drug delivery system (DDS) using exosomes.

Keywords nucleic acid drugs, DDS, extracellular vesicles, light-triggered molecules

Bioactive Molecules

Novel nucleic acid drugs and DDS





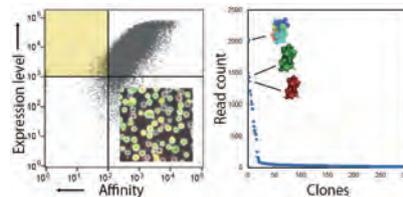
Associate Professor
KADONOSONO, Tetsuya

Biopharmaceuticals developed by Smart Design technology

We are developing "smart design technology for molecules that mimic biological functions", by combining computational prediction and synthetic biological evaluation. Our aim is to create next-generation biopharmaceuticals.

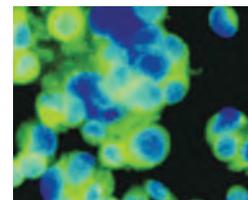
Keywords Smart design, biopharmaceuticals

Cell-based library screening and NGS analysis



Protein

Detection of breast cancer cells



Associate Professor
MASAKI, Yoshiaki

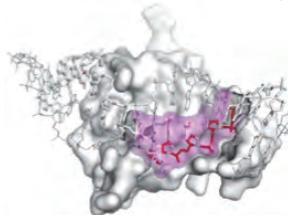
Chemical approaches for resolving issues in nucleic acid therapeutics

Nucleic acid therapeutics have the potential to treat even genetic diseases, but there are still many challenges. We are working on the development of chemical approaches to resolve these challenges.

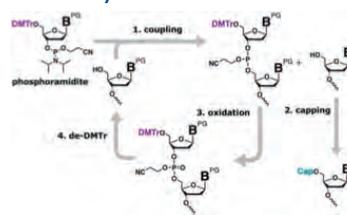
Keywords nucleic acid therapeutics, organic chemistry, chemoinformatics

Nucleic acids

Molecular design from protein-nucleic acid complex



Accurate DNA/RNA synthetic method



Associate Professor
MIURA, Yutaka

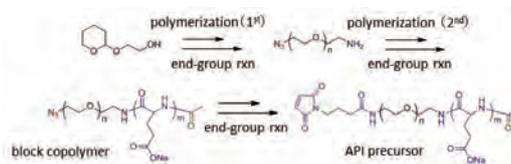
Development of novel biomaterials by using well-defined macromolecules

Our spotlight areas of research include the development of functional polymers and biomaterials for medical applications such as drug delivery and imaging.

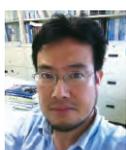
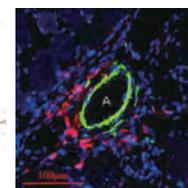
Keywords polymer, Nano-biotechnology, polymer-drug discovery, controlled release

Biomaterials

Typical polymerization/reaction



Accumulation of polymer-drug into limb ischemia (green: α -SMA, red: polymer-drug, blue: nucleus)



Associate Professor
MORI, Toshiaki

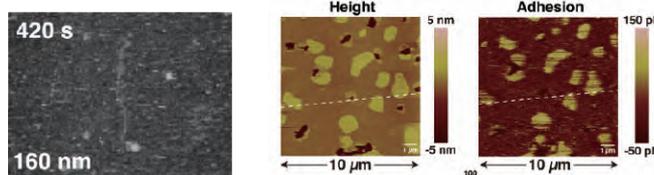
Interaction analyses of glycoconjugate on cell surface and its application for medical engineering

We investigate the interaction analyses of glycoconjugates on cell surface at single molecule level and aim at the preparation of biomedical materials.

Keywords glycoconjugates, lectin, glycosyltransferase, single molecular analysis

Biomaterials

Single molecular observation of glycoconjugates by atomic force microscopy



Associate Professor
OGURA, Shun-ichiro

Development of new biochemistry for medical applications

We develop the new biochemistry based on the analysis of metabolite from human and aim for the medical applications including cancer.

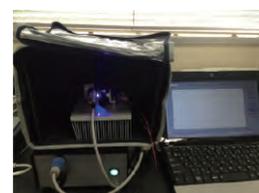
Keywords cancer diagnosis, cancer therapy, biomarker, cell physiological engineering

Bioactive compounds

Visualized cancer cells



Biomarker analytical system





Associate Professor
OKADA, Satoshi

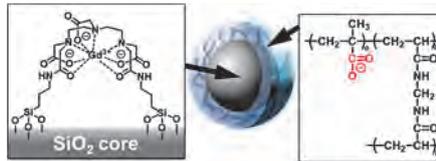
Development of functional materials for imaging and controlling biological functions

Our aim is to develop organic-inorganic hybrid materials for observing and controlling biological functions in animal models.

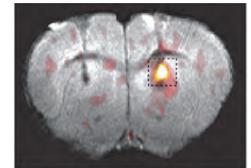
Keywords materials chemistry, chemical biology, molecular imaging

Biomaterials

pH-responsive core-shell magnetic nanoparticle



Brain Ca²⁺ imaging by MRI probes



Associate Professor
SEKI, Takakazu

Designing bio-nano functions based on surface visualization

We aim to visualize biomolecular structures in biological membrane and bio-nano environment, realizing the design of functional bio-nano interfaces.

Keywords molecular spectroscopy, surface science, bio-nano, biosensing

Bio-nano interface

Home-built surface spectroscopy



Visualizing interfacial molecular interactions



Associate Professor
TODA, Yasuka

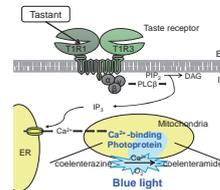
Exploring the Link Between Taste Receptor Functions and Feeding Habits

We study vertebrates from fish to mammals, using taste receptor analysis, gene expression, behavioral tests, and food composition studies to ask: what does 'delicious' mean?

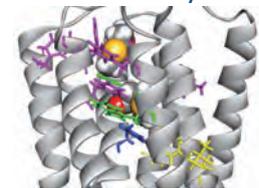
Keywords Molecular biology, Taste, Vertebrates, Evolution

Evolution • Ecology

Cell-based assay for taste receptors



Elucidating molecular mechanisms through mutant analysis



Professor
KAJIWARA, Susumu

Molecular mechanisms of microbial infection, development of antimicrobial drugs & design of resource recycle system

We study about applied biochemistry and molecular microbiology for medical care and environmental conservation (notably, infection, drug resistance, host response, renewal resources).

Keywords pathogen, immunity, drug discovery, renewal resources

Applied Microbiology & Infection

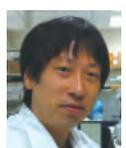
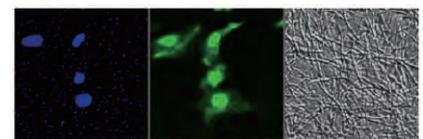


Hemolysis of pathogenic fungus

Drug efflux pump expression



Apoptosis induction of human cell by pathogenic fungus



Associate Professor
KITAGUCHI, Tetsuya

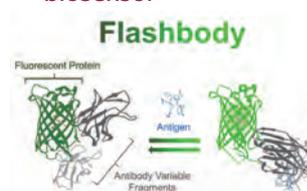
Development of genetically-encoded biosensors

We are developing tools for an optical microscope to visualize the dynamics of intracellular molecules in living cells, tissues and whole animal bodies.

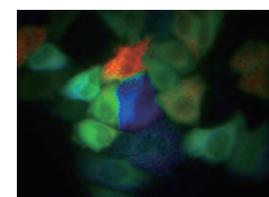
Keywords GFP, bioimaging, cell signaling

Cellular function

Schematic diagram of genetically-encoded biosensor



Fluorescence microscopy by biosensor





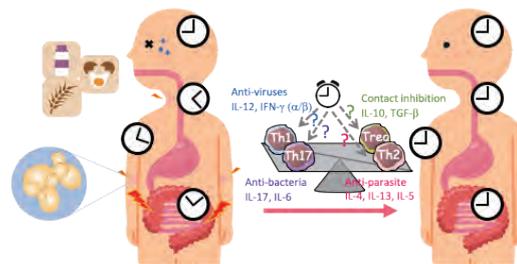
Associate Professor
ORIHARA, Kanami

Preventing severe immune diseases by regulating peripheral clock

We are studying about mechanisms of exacerbation of chronic inflammation from the viewpoint of biological clocks. We are also trying to develop preventative methods for severe cases.

Keywords immunology, molecular biology, circadian rhythm, drug resistance

Bioactive Molecules



Professor
KOSHIKAWA, Naohiko | Assistant Professor
FUNAHASHI, Nobuaki

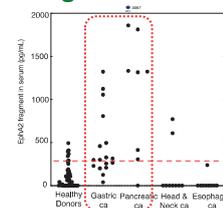
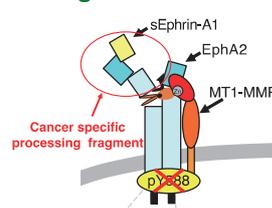
Analysis of tumor progression by extracellular proteolysis and its clinical applications

Aim of our study is to develop novel cancer diagnostics and therapeutics focusing on extracellular metalloproteases that act as a driving force of tumor malignant progression.

Keywords Cancer, extracellular matrix, matrix metalloproteinase, diagnostics/therapeutics

Cancer biology

Cancer-specific proteolytic fragment can be a potent diagnostic biomarker for malignant cancers



Professor
KURODA, Kumi | Assistant Professor
PROKOFEVA, Kseniia

Neurobiology of social affiliation

We study the neural mechanisms of affiliative social behaviors, esp. parent-infant relations in mammals, aiming to science-backed parenting support and social security.

Keywords Parental care, infant attachment, Transport Response, mouse model

Neuroscience

Neural mechanism of parental care in mammals



Professor
SANEYOSHI, Takeo | Assistant Professor
YAMASAKI, Tokiwa

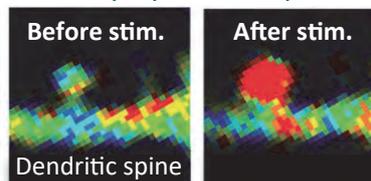
Elucidation of molecular mechanisms of memory storage

We are interested in understanding the molecular mechanisms of memory storage and how dysfunction of these mechanisms leads to neurodevelopmental disorders.

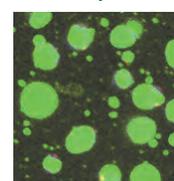
Keywords synaptic memory, liquid-liquid phase separation (LLPS), neurodevelopmental disorders, Quantum biology

Neuroscience

Synaptic memory



Molecular memory (LLPS)





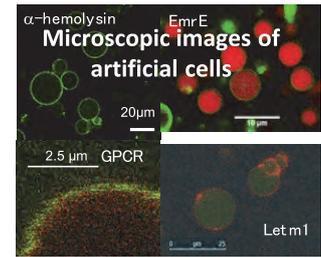
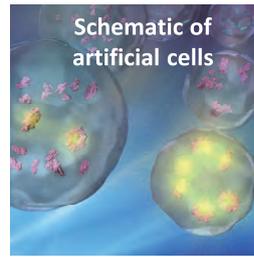
Professor
MATSUURA, Tomoaki

An artificial cell construction by design and evolution, and its application

We aim to clarify the nature of primitive cells that would have existed in the early stages of life, and construct molecules and molecular systems that can be put to practical use.

Keywords proteins, directed evolution, artificial cells, origins of life

Bioinformatics, Synthetic biology



Associate Professor
FUJISHIMA, Kosuke

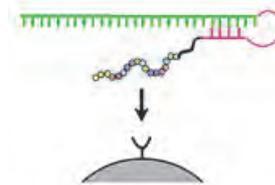
Study of RNA-peptide function for understanding the biological system

We are using synthetic biology methods to understand the functionality and evolvability of early RNA and peptides. We also design and explore de novo functional enzymes

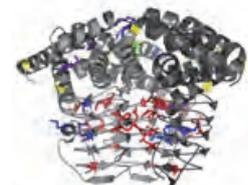
Keywords Origins of life, Directed evolution, RNA, Peptide, Astrobiology

Synthetic biology

mRNA display method to screen for functional peptides



Designing de novo functional enzymes



Associate Professor
MCGLYNN, Shawn

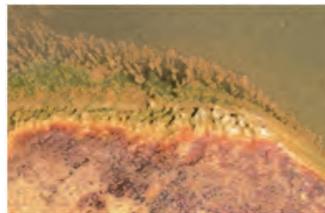
The origin and evolution of life

How did life begin, and how has it changed through time? To understand these questions, we use diverse tools and model systems: chemistry, microbiology, stable isotopes, and more.

Keywords onsen, phylogeny, iron-sulfide, enzyme

Geomicrobiology & Prebiotic Chemistry

Hot Spring Microbiology



A simulated hydrothermal vent



(Other Professor)

YANAGIDA, Yasuko : Device innovation by MEMS and biotechnology

SEKIJIMA, Masakazu : Machine Learning and Molecular Simulation for Drug Discovery and Elucidation of Biological Phenomena

(Assistant Professors)

FURUTA, Tadaomi : Biophysical elucidations of biomolecular functions

INOHAYA, Keiji : Bone formation and development

OKUMURA, Eiichi : Cell cycle control and signal transduction

SHIMADA, Naohiko : Biomaterials applications of thermo-responsive polymers

TAMORI, Masaki : Physiology and morphology of echinoderms

TANAKA, Toshiaki : Protein transport and cell proliferation

For details of the research themes, please see the website
of each laboratory linked from the following URL.

https://educ.titech.ac.jp/bio/eng/faculty/research_lab/



B1 • B2 Bldg.



J2 • J3 Bldg.



S2 Bldg.



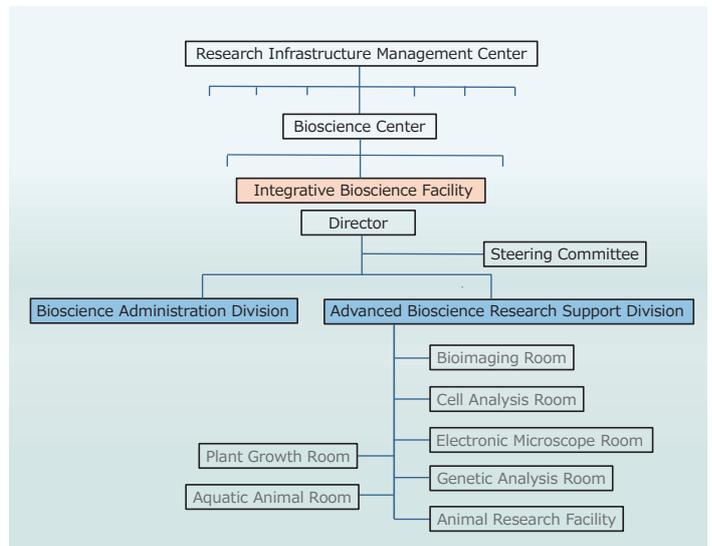
R1 Bldg.



M6 Bldg.

Facility for Integrative Biosciences

The Facility for Integrative Biosciences was established in April 2023 as an institute-wide support center providing advanced research promotion functions to design and promote cutting-edge bioscience research through the collaborative efforts of faculty, technical staff, and URAs. The Facility will provide advanced research equipment and technical supports to create research platforms for promoting bioscience and biotechnology research that contributes to the national biotechnology strategy, and will serve as a venue for creating new fusion research in science and engineering to accelerate cutting-edge biotechnology research. In addition, the Facility will bring together researchers and companies across disciplines to create new “bio-driven” research for the realization of “the world’s most advanced bioeconomy society”.



◆Bioscience Management Division◆

- 1) Advises in researchers, coordinates joint and fusion research
- 2) Promotes cross-disciplinary fusion and industry-academia collaboration
- 3) Centralized management of various laws, regulations and compliance
- 4) Awareness-raises and consults for science and engineering researchers

◆Advanced Bioscience Research Support Division◆

- 1) Provides a 'place' and 'cutting-edge knowledge and technology' for bioscience research
- 2) Provides a sustainable advanced research promotion function
- 3) Maintains and manages animal facilities
- 4) Provides equipment for animal experiments
- 5) Develops strategies for cross-disciplinary and industry-academia collaboration

Facilities

DNA sequencer, Transmission electron microscope, Scanning electron microscope, Inverted laser scanning confocal microscope, Upright laser scanning confocal microscope, Inverted fluorescence microscope, Zoom microscope, Holotomography microscope, Rotary microtome, Cryostat, Cell sorter, Automatic cell culture observation system, Realtime PCR, Automated electrophoresis system, Automated pipetting system, Microvolume Spectrophotometer, Automated cell counter, Biological safety cabinet, Clean bench, CO₂ incubator



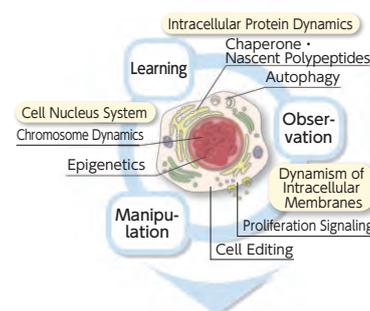
Cell Biology Center

<http://www.rcb.iir.titech.ac.jp/en/index.html>

Led by Honorary Professor Yoshinori Ohsumi, the 2016 Nobel Prize laureate in Physiology or Medicine, the Cell Biology Center is a new consortium that will unite a diverse range of investigators from basic to applied science backgrounds. This center aims to investigate the structure and function of cells—the basic units of life—by observing molecular mechanisms and by manipulating cells with cell editing and cytoarchitectural techniques. The findings will be used to create cells with unique functions. Through these interdependent investigations, the center will elucidate the fundamental principles of cells through world class research and state-of-the-art techniques and ultimately contribute to next generation of cell engineering, human health, and disease treatment.

Location: Yokohama Campus, S2 Building

Members: Honorary Professor and Director Yoshinori Ohsumi, and Prof. Hiroshi Iwasaki, Prof. Hiroshi Kimura, Prof. Masayuki Komada, Prof. Hideki Taguchi, Prof. Hitoshi Nakatogawa, Prof. Fumi Kano, Assoc. Prof. Naonobu Fujita, Assoc. Prof. Toshiaki Fukushima, Assoc. Prof. Tomoko Horie, Assist. Prof. Alexander I May, Assist. Prof. Tatsuya Niwa, Assist. Prof. Hideo Tsubouchi, Assist. Prof. Satoru Ide, Assist. Prof. Keisuke Mochida, Assist. Prof. Rina Kunishige.



Elucidating the phenomena underlying life on a cellular level

Contribution to human health and the treatment of disease through interdependent investigations



Honorary Professor
OHSUMI, Yoshinori

Keywords yeast, autophagy, vacuole, starvation, growth control

Cellular Function

Comprehensive studies of physiological roles of autophagy in yeast

We try to understand the induction mechanism and various modes of autophagy under various conditions. By biochemical analysis we have been studying degradation process of protein and RNA via autophagy and selective targets of autophagy.

Autophagosome by microscopy



Life Science and Technology Open Innovation Hub (LiHub)

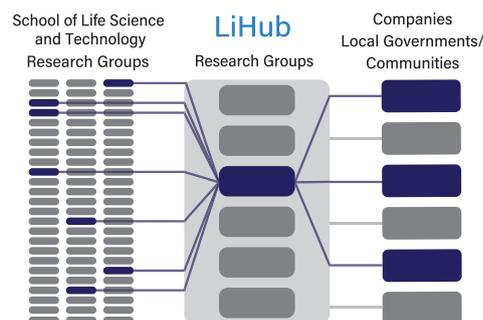
The Life Science and Technology Open Innovation Hub (LiHub) was established in 2016 with the goal of building up a new academic style for Open Innovation by accelerating collaborations between our faculty members and industrial communities. Our School is one of the largest academic organizations in life science and technology field in Japan, including 75 research laboratories, which covers a wide range of bio-related disciplines.

By taking this strong advantage, LiHub serves as interfaces for companies and/or public sectors that need expertise of life science and biotechnology for their business and social activities. LiHub arranges communication, discussion and collaborations with faculty members who meet requests from companies and/or public sectors. In LiHub, we have research groups that have already created communities for smooth academia-industry interactions, each of which is composed of 3-10 members of our faculties and specialized by one particular cutting-edge field such as biomaterial, biomatrix, bio-sustainable science, brain-environment interface, photosynthetic science, drug development and cancer research. New more LiHub research groups will be created upon companies and/or public sectors' requests.

For more information, visit the LiHub website (or search with the keyword, "LiHub"): <http://www1.bio.titech.ac.jp/lihub/index.html>

Conventional University-Industry Collaboration
One Research Group One Company

LiHub-Produced Innovative Structure
for University-Company Collaboration

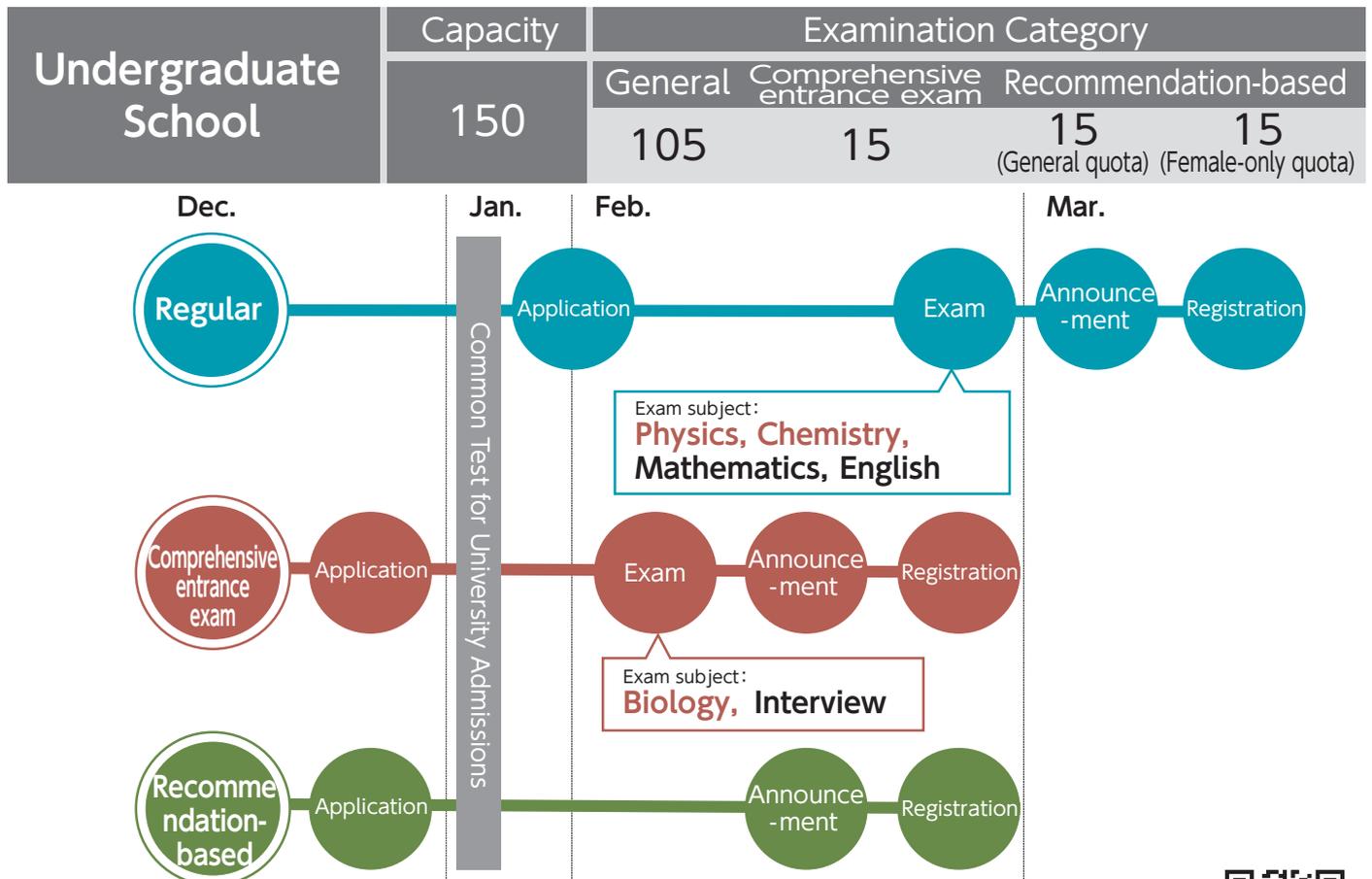


Open Research Facilities for Life Science and Technology

Our school operates the Open Research Facilities for Life Science and Technology, which consists of the Shimadzu Corporation Precision Analytical Instruments Room, biomolecular analysis facility, shared organic synthesis laboratory, cell and protein analysis facility, ultracentrifuge facility, cold room, aquatic animal laboratory, microbial culture room, and shared laboratory and office spaces. In 2022, the nuclear magnetic resonance spectrometer was upgraded to the latest model, and we are promoting the enhancement of these open research facilities by installing new equipment. All these facilities and spaces are provided to support research and education in the life sciences and technology at Science Tokyo. We envision that these facilities will provide opportunities for active collaboration among scientists, students, and technical staff members.

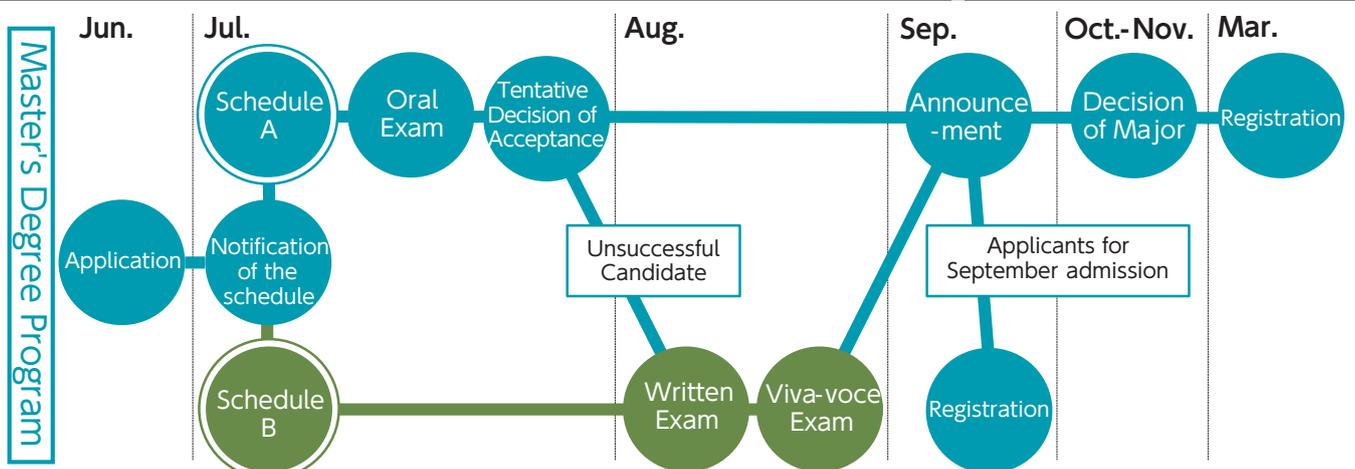
In a collaboration between Science Tokyo and the Shimadzu Corporation, The Shimadzu Corporation Precision Analytical Instruments Room was established in 2017. This is a unique attempt to enhance research activities at Science Tokyo by using the instruments and knowledge of the Shimadzu Corporation. This room contains advanced bioanalytical instruments, including mass spectrometry and microchip electrophoresis systems, that were donated by or purchased from the Shimadzu Corporation. We often hold orientation sessions for new users, as well as open workshops and demonstrations for new instruments.

Schedule for Admission



Examinations and programs are conducted in Japanese.
For detailed information, please see <https://admissions.isct.ac.jp/en/013/undergraduate>

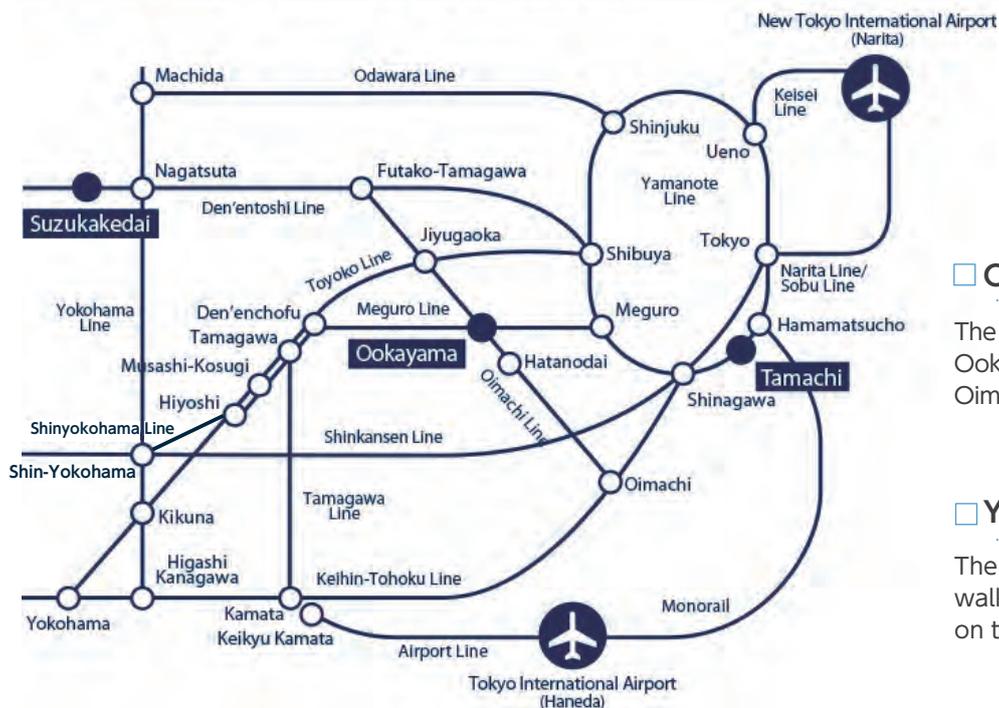
Graduate School	Capacity
	Master : 168 Doctor : 52



For detailed information of graduate programs (master's and doctoral degree programs), please see <https://admissions.isct.ac.jp/en/013/graduate>



Access



□ Ookayama Campus

The Main Gate is a 1-minute walk from Ookayama Station on the Tokyu Oimachi and Tokyu Meguro Lines.

□ Yokohama Campus

The Yokohama Campus is a 5-minute walk from Suzukakedai Station on the Tokyu Den'entoshi Line.

Latest Information

Official site

<https://educ.titech.ac.jp/bio/eng/>



Information for enrollment

Undergraduate School

<https://admissions.isct.ac.jp/en/013/undergraduate>

Graduate School

<https://admissions.isct.ac.jp/en/013/graduate>



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