

Institute for Liberal Arts

Tokyo Institute of Technology

Tokyo Institute of Technology Institute for Liberal Arts

Ookayama 2-12-1, Meguro-ku, Tokyo 152-8552 TEL: 81-3-5734-2107 https://educ.titech.ac.jp/ila/eng/ Published on April 2024



Liberal Arts Education Spurring on Your Vision

Maintain your vision, share it, and enhance it together with us!

The Institute for Liberal Arts helps you redefine your life,
design your career, and acquire the powerful wisdom to walk the path.









This kanji, pronounced as "kokorozashi", represents vision.

What Are Liberal Arts, and Why Are They Important?

Liberal arts mean the skills to set people free. Learning liberal arts frees you from many things:

Actions triggered by momentary emotions

Preconceptions based on hatred and contempt

Biased, one-sided perspectives

A mental cage of narrow, self-centered, and obsessive views

The bondage of an information society driven by efficiency and success. Liberal arts give you freedom, courage, and flexibility for independent, critical thinking.

What do people live for?

How can we bring peace to the world?

We only have a partial view, because of binary thinking based on One vs. zero, enemies vs. allies, correct vs. incorrect, or useful vs. useless.

Remain on the borders of two opposing things,

Interact with people and literature,

And think things all the way through.

Aim for even higher horizons of perception,

And climb the spiral ladder of knowledge and wisdom step by step.

Taro Yamazaki, Director of the Institute for Liberal Arts







Yoshimi Takuwa: History of Science, Science Communication

Hironao Kaneko: Law, Civil Procedure Law School Reform Research Shinji Kawana: International Politics, Security Studies Mitsue Nagamine: Psychophysiology Kumiko Kiuchi: Comparative Literature Kyohhei Kitamura: Cinema Studies, Cultural Sociology, Daisuke Harada: British Novel Takeo Maruyama: Biomechanics Media Studies Koichiro Mitsubori : French Literature Lorinda Kiyama : Comparative Literature, Psychology Kimihiko Yamagishi : Cognitive Sciences Yuto Koizumi : Early Modern English Literature Ryoichi Yamane: American Literature and Culture (Shakespeare Films), Writing Center, English Education through Movies Midori Komatsu: Intercultural Psychological Education















































Akira Ikegami : Contemporary Society

Renge Jibu: Gender, Management,

Shunzo Manabe: Ethics, Applied Ethics

Toma Kawanishi : History of Technology

Yoko Komada: Sleepology, Chronobiology,

Aiko Sasaki : Japanese Language Pedagogy,

Health Science

Corpus Linguistics

Takeo Suzuki : Historiography, Educational Technology

Second Language Acquisition.

Kei Fhara: Marxian Economics

Takamitsu Yamamoto: Academic History

Sanae Akaba: Early Childhood Education Policy,

Policy Studies, Media

Masaki Takahashi : Nutrition/Exercise Physiology,

Mika Ebara: Japanese Language Education,

Social Emotional Learning

Linguistics, Japanese Linguistics, Syntax

Chrononutrition, Sports Nutrition

Method of Teaching Mathematics

including Jane Austen, History Writing

















































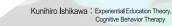












Seiki |wao : Cultural Psychology Ava Kawamura: Russian Culture, Modern and Contemporary Art, Cultural Representation

Naoko Kuriyama: Cognitive Psychology, Educational Psychology

Kenii Hatanaka : Intellectual History in Japan



Yasunori Kotani : Psychophysiology, Brain Science Yuka Hiromoto : 18th-19th Century British Novels Yakup Bektas: History of Technology



Yang Guanqiong: Chinese Literature Tokyo Institute of Technology Institute for Liberal Arts

Liberal Arts Education

Tatsuro Satsuma: Anglo-Irish Literature

Yuki Ishihara: English Studies, Linguistics

Kenichiro Isozaki: Literature,

Takehiro Inohara: Decision Making,

Yoriko Kitagawa : Modern British Fiction Kunihiro Sakuma : Exercise Physiology,

Takeshi Nakajima: Political Science

Toshiki Matsuda: Educational Technology

Masao Murota: Educational Technology

Tatsuya Yumiyama : Religious Studies

Makiko Antoku: German Modern Literature Mariko Anno : Musicology, Nohgaku, Nohkan

Asa Ito: Aesthetics, Contemporary Art History

Hiroichi Yanase : Media Theory

Hilofumi Yamamoto: Linguistics

Saori Okada: Higher Education,

Fiction Writing

Social Modeling

Exercise Biochemistry Masashi Shirabe: Science and Technology Studies Takehiko Tanioka: Contemporary British Theatre Masatoshi Tamura: English Literature

and Modern Poetry

Teacher Education

Hugh de Ferranti : Musicology, Japanese Music History

Taro Yamazaki : German Literature, German Opera

Educational Administration

Liberal Arts Courses

Based on their interests and study goals, students are given the autonomy to select courses

Humanities and Social Science Courses

The curriculum ranges from humanities (e.g., philosophy, literature, cultural anthropology, arts), to social

sciences (e.g., law, politics, sociology, psychology) and interdisciplinary humanities and sciences (e.g., science and technology, statistics, decision making.) The courses use an innovative approach, and there are even so-called "legendary Tokyo Tech humanities and social science classes!"

Second Foreign Language Courses

Learning the basics of a second language chosen from

German, French, Russian, Chinese, Italian, and Korean is available. The menu varies, including

conversation and reading classes, as well as classical

Greek and Latin classes.

Humanities and Social Science Courses

English Language Courses

Second foreign language Courses

Wellness Courses

Japanese Language and Culture Courses

Teacher Education Courses

English Language Courses

In required courses you will improve your English skills, including listening and reading, and learn how to tackle language tests such as TOEFL. A variety of elective courses including Academic Presentation and Oral Expression are also available.

Wellness Courses

Learn the basic literacy needed for life-long health maintenance through lectures based on physiology, psychology, and biomechanics, and activities/exercises

Japanese Language and Culture Courses

In the Japanese language courses, which are held five days a week for the intensive class and one to two days a week for beginner and intermediate classes, all skills are learned comprehensively. Japanese culture can also be learned in Japanese through themes such as anime and movies.

Teacher Education Courses

The courses prepare you to be qualified for the license to teach mathematics and science at junior high schools, and mathematics, science, information, and engineering at high schools. Although completing an increased number of classes may be challenging, teaching can be a gratifying profession.

Liberal Arts Education

Liberal Arts Final Report Tokyo Tech Visionary Project

Leadership Workshop Independent Studies Courses

Core Liberal Arts Education Encompassing the Entire Liberal Arts Education

Core Liberal Arts Education Consisting of Seven Courses Builds up Skills

Tokyo Tech Visionary Project

The program defines the four-year liberal arts education as a project to shape your vision into specific goals, and therefore, focuses on self-discovery and -motivation. It's a twofold activity comprising lectures (given at a hall) and group work (divided into around 28-member units.) Through the group work, participants are encouraged to think independently, identify issues, and exchange ideas with others, which enhances communication and presentation

Liberal Arts Final Report

The new liberal arts education encourages students to describe their "Story of Learning" in line with their goals. In this course, students write a report on what they have learned from liberal arts courses and how that would help fulfill their visions. Each student specifies their topic and develops it into a thesis in 2500 to 5000 words based on their specialized fields and completed liberal arts courses in addition to their diverse experiences. Students write through peer review and are supported by

This course develops your leadership skills to guide your team toward its goals while effectively integrating members' abilities. Skills acquired here can be deepened by guiding undergraduate students, through the "Peer Review Practicum" and "Facilitation Practicum" courses. The former prepares you to become a peer reviewer for liberal arts Final Reports, while the latter, readies you to become a group work facilitator for the "Tokyo Tech Visionary

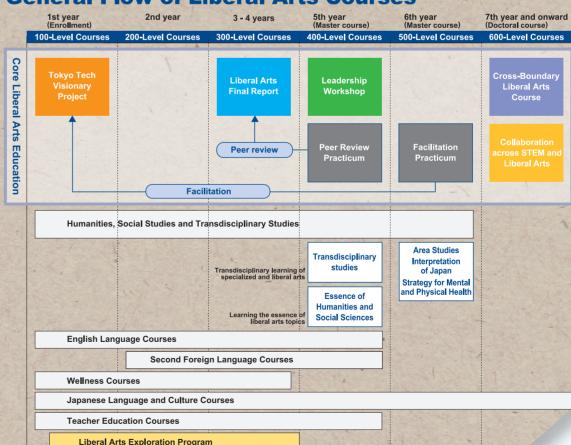
Cross-Boundary Liberal Arts Course

This course encourages students to go beyond their fields and familiarizes them with cutting edge and interdisciplinary research trends, while creating occasions for expertise exchange throughout their doctoral course, via collaboration among researchers from different areas. Through engaging members with diverse backgrounds in English-speaking small group work/presentations, the course helps attendees develop their communication skills, research ethics, and codes of conduct.

Leadership Workshop

The course uses a study group structure. Each class invites a frontrunner researcher from a specific field as a guest, who will give their presentations, based on which students engage in discussion and group work. Through those study group activities, the course can probe new areas and develop promising pursuits into new research projects, eventually ushering students to the new frontiers and potential of convergence

General Flow of Liberal Arts Courses



a circular dialogue promoting tool made of cardboard which is utilized in the Core Liberal Arts Education courses. (Please refer to the photo second from the left.)

Liberals Arts Education

Extensive Liberal Arts Learning Links Your Specialized Expertise to Society

From the first-year to the doctoral degree program, the curriculum of the Tokyo Institute of Technology seamlessly interweaves related liberal arts education with specialized courses. Called "Wedge-shaped Style Education," the system enhances students' insights, ethics, and free-thinking, making all this a reliable and practical basis for using specialized prowess in society. In other words, its ultimate goal is the development of professionals with a high level of humanity, sociality, and creativity.

Fostering Tokyo Tech Students with a Vision



Collaboration with Various Teams Inside and Outside the University

Introducing Humanities-Sociology Expertise into Diverse Fields to Promote Humanities-Science Co-creation

The faculty comprises specialists who are active in various fields centered on the humanities and sociology, and participate in educational, research, and social contribution projects through internal and external collaboration.



The Institute for Leadership (ToTAL) aims to nurture leadership and personalities capable of heading international communities, through friendly competition among students with diverse academic and cultural backgrounds. It provides seamless education programs from master's to doctoral courses, facilitating the integration of disciplines in various fields of the humanities and sciences.

DLab

Laboratory for DEsign of Social Innovation in Global Networks The Future Society Design Institute (DLab) encourages attendees (as individual members of society) to think and design a future society people may want. Activities focus on desired future models – not predictable ones – through collaboration with diverse people from commercial entities and public institutions.



FUTURE OF HUMANITY RESEARCH CENTER

Future of Humanity Research Center Hosted and managed by the Institute of Innovative Research (IIR) / the Institute for Liberal Arts, Tokyo Institute of Technology The Future of Humanity Research Center is a humanities-sociology research organization established within the Institute of Innovative Research (IIR). The center explores the future of humanity for public sharing via collaboration with on-campus science/engineering researchers and global experts in diverse fields by predicting changes and assessing values to preserve.







QR codes from the left: Leadership Education Institute, Future Society Design Organization, Future of Humanity Research Center